

The Hartford Republican

Fine Job Work.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF OHIO COUNTY

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No. 45

MINERS REFUSE OWNERS' OFFER

SIX THOUSAND MEN MAY BE FORCED OUT OF EMPLOYMENT.

TURN DOWN ULTIMATUM

By a Vote of 30 to 2 Conference At Central City Refuses Demands of Operators.

Central City, Ky., May 9.—By a vote of 39 to 2, delegates from the forty-one local unions of District No. 23, United Mineworkers of America, decided to turn down an ultimatum issued to them by the Western Kentucky Coal Operators' Association. A report will be made to the operators in Louisville May 11, and unless the operators yield 6,000 union coal miners in Western Kentucky will be thrown out of employment.

The meeting of delegates here today followed an open convention at which action was decided on. If the operators' association refuses to renew the present wage scale and present working conditions, miners will attempt to make agreements with individual operators, whether members of the association or not. The miners say they will also continue to report for work at all mines and compel the operators to take initiative in stopping work.

New York Scale Urged.

Seventeen of the delegates present stood out for demanding the New York scale, which would mean an increase of 5 per cent., but a majority voted to hold out only for the present scale on account of competing nonunion counties in Western Kentucky.

The lockout which the operators say will come will affect Muhlenberg, Ohio, Daviess, Union, Henderson, Webster and Meade counties principally.

The conference of the miners was called to order in the Gish opera-house at 10:30 o'clock. President Pollock introduced W. O. Smith, chairman of the Scale Committee, who reviewed the joint conferences of March 21, April 4 and April 25. He then read the ultimatum of the operators, offering the old wage scale but entailing conditions which, he said, amounted to a reduction. He asked that the committee be authorized to demand the old wage scale and the old working conditions.

Federation Against Strike.

John L. Lewis, of Springfield, Ill., representing the American Federation of Labor, and Adam Wilkinson, of Montana, a National Executive Board member of the United Mineworkers, asserted that the treasury of the national organization had been depleted by strikes in West Virginia, Vancouver Island, Colorado and Eastern Ohio. Both men advised against a strike in Western Kentucky, provided present conditions may be maintained. However, they urged the miners to stand on their present wages and working conditions with assurances of aid if needed.

President Pollock, of District No. 23, stated that he did not concur in the recommendations of the Scale Committee that another joint conference be held in Louisville May 11. He said that he had conferred with Western Kentucky operators and knew that employees of 1,000 miners would sign the old contract immediately. He believed that operators employing 2,500 men would sign up within a week. He advised that further negotiations with the Western Kentucky Coal Operators' Association be dropped, and those operators who would agree to the old scale be signed up at once.

W. D. Duncan, vice president of District No. 23, disagreed with Mr. Pollock on breaking off negotiations. He asked the convention to empower its committee to turn down the operators' ultimatum, but to meet the operators May 11 in Louisville for a final conference. Should that fail, he advised making contracts with independent operators.

Holsteins For Kentucky.

Paduach, Ky., May 9.—Two carloads of Holstein cattle arrived here today from Ft. Atkinson, Wis., and

will be distributed among the farmers who have purchased them. In the shipment were thirty-four heifers and one bull. All were registered Holsteins and had been subjected to the tuberculin test. The cattle were bought by County Agent W. J. Piggott and they cost \$2,500. The raising of dairy cattle promises to become an extensive industry in McCracken county.

Capitalists To Open Big Mine Near Moorman.

Island, Ky., May 9.—S. T. Benson, of Adairville, and some Chicago capitalists have leased 900 acres of coal land in the neighborhood of Moorman, and intend to start work in the near future in opening one of the largest coal mines in this section of the state.

The plan of the company is to have an opening on Green River and also connect with the Louisville & Nashville railroad near Moorman. Reports say that the company will put in a line of river boats and will load their coal on barges for Memphis and New Orleans and also ship by rail. Men are at work now drilling for best location to sink the first shaft.

Ask your neighbor who has a MAJESTIC, which is the best range made; then come to our SPECIAL MAJESTIC DEMONSTRATION—week of May 8 to 13th—and let the man from the factory show you why. E. P. BARNES & BRO., Beaver Dam, Ky.

CONVENTION SEATS MAY SELL FOR \$100

FIFTY DOLLAR TICKETS FOR REPUBLICAN SHOW GO TOO FAST FOR COMMITTEE.

Chicago, May 9.—Managers of the Republican national convention to be held here the week of June 7 have a serious situation confronting them in regard to the sale of tickets. The seats have been placed on sale at \$50 each and the demand has far exceeded the available supply and it has been suggested that it will be necessary to raise the price to \$100 or possibly higher in order to stop the rush for reservations. The committee has been allotted 2,200 tickets, which, at \$50 a ticket, would be more than enough to meet the \$100,000 guarantee made to secure the convention for Chicago.

Seats for the Progressive party convention have been placed on sale at prices ranging from \$10 to \$25.

Owing to the holding here at one time in June of the Republican-Progressive and Woman's party conventions, with their thousands of delegates and visitors, Chicago's housing facilities will be severely taxed. Most of the delegates to the first two named conventions have been provided for by the local committees, but the women delegates, their visitors and those who will take part in the suffrage parade and demonstration are finding it difficult to obtain accommodations.

Mrs. George Bass, chairman of the hospitality for the suffrage parade, said today that plans had practically been completed for the housing of all the women who may wish to come, but various kinds of sleeping places at widely scattered locations will be used.

Mrs. Bass is now negotiating for track space where the special trains from various points may stand, so that the women can sleep in the cars. There were practically no rooms available for the women in the downtown hotels, but all available space in the outlying hotels has been reserved.

"We will probably have a camp in Grant Park, which will house 1,000 women," Mrs. Bass said, "and 2,500 more will be able to get rooms in Chicago hotels. The women from down state, from Indiana, Michigan and Wisconsin will be asked to return home the night of the parade. It has been an almost unsurmountable task to find places for the hundreds of women who are coming from farther east, south and west."

The special suffrage hat which will be worn in the parade will be placed on sale in 700 millinery stores on May 20. The hat was described as being made of white straw, partly covered with white moire ribbon and with a cockade of purple, white and gold.

TO CONCENTRATE ENTIRE FORCES

50,000 TROOPS MOBILIZED ALONG THE MEXICAN BORDER.

MILITIA IS ORDERED OUT

Guard of Texas, New Mexico and Arizona in Service—May Call Kentucky Regiments.

Washington, May 10.—Virtually the last American troops in the U. S. were being mobilized today for Mexican border service. With the national guard of three states, they were under orders to hasten to reinforce General Funston's army. The total of between nine thousand and ten thousand included eleven companies of coast artillery ordered out last night by Secretary Baker.

The proposed military agreement between the Carranza and American governments remained unsigned and Gen. Osborne, Mexican war minister, after a three hour discussion with Gen. Scott last night arranged for still another conference today.

If the situation warrants, national guards of other states will be called out for border patrol duty, officials declared. Secretary Baker stated, however, that no further mobilization or orders are contemplated immediately.

Unofficial reports were received that Mexicans along the entire border had planned for today a concerted uprising. From Mazatlan on the west coast of Mexico came word that the consul there had been warned by anonymous letters that the consulate would be blown up. All Americans were urged to leave Mexico within 48 hours. These reports increased anxiety over the situation among officials today.

Eleven companies of coast artillery stationed at gulf and Atlantic coast posts were ordered to San Antonio, Tex., last night to serve as infantry with the border patrol.

Total of 50,000 Troops.

Including the troops ordered out today, there will be nearly 45,000 soldiers, perhaps 50,000 along the border or in Mexico, according to the best available figures here. The war department has declined to publish actual numbers but with the entire mobile army except five troops of cavalry under Gen. Funston's command in addition to the 4,000 or more guardsmen and the several thousand recruits who are being forwarded to the regular regiments as fast as they are mustered in, the United States has a considerable army strung out along the 1,800 miles of international line.

Army officers anticipate a great spirit of enlistment in the national guard in the three states because of the chance of actual service. The regiments are now at peace strength. Under the interpretation placed on the law, the states are required to recruit them immediately to full war strength and to send the recruits forward as fast as they are sworn in.

THOUSANDS WALK OUT OF CHICAGO FACTORIES

Chicago, May 9.—Thousands of men were added today to the list of those on strike here.

Six hundred cutters of the Amalgamated Garment Workers quit, throwing the trade into confusion. Three thousand employees of local tanneries walked out. They demand an increase of forty-five per cent in wages, having declined a compromise offer of thirty per cent.

Five hundred employees of the Chicago Screw Company demanded higher wages and shorter hours, and 300 employees of the Peter Schuetler Wagon Company quit for the same reason.

The strike of employees of the International Harvester Company continued. Five hundred employees returned to work, but walked out again when demands of their committee were refused. The demands included the closed shop, and this was promptly refused.

When you come to Hartford don't forget the place, don't forget the price. A good meal for 25 cents. CITY RESTAURANT.

\$5,000 JUDGMENT IN MILLER CASE

AFTER DELIBERATING TWO AND ONE-HALF HOURS JURY FINDS FOR PLAINTIFF.

CASE WILL BE APPEALED

Attorneys For Taylor Coal Co. Not Satisfied With Verdict—Other Circuit Court Notes.

After deliberating about two and one-half hours the jury sitting in the Don Miller's admr. vs. Taylor Coal Co. case found the plaintiff damaged to the extent of \$5,000. The attorneys for the coal company are not satisfied with the verdict and an appeal is certain. This is the second time the case has been tried in Ohio Circuit Court, the Court of Appeals granting the defendant a new trial. Plaintiff was given \$2,000 damages in the former hearing.

Don Miller died about a year ago and plaintiffs, his estate, claim that death was due to tuberculosis caused by an injury received when a mule in the Taylor Coal Company mines ran away. Many fine points of law were involved and the case has attracted considerable interest in the section of the county in which the accident occurred.

Following is the verdict and personnel of the jury: "We, of the jury, find for the plaintiff and fix damages at \$5,000. (Signed) Mack Cook, foreman; O. S. White, D. B. Bartlett, J. B. Wallace, J. S. Bennett, John H. Davis, C. A. Crowe, Lud Grant, Bob Quisenberry."

Attorneys for the plaintiff were E. M. Woodward, Hartford; B. D. Ringo, Owensboro. For the defendants, H. P. Taylor and Glenn & Simmerman, Hartford.

Other Court Notes.

Finley Carter vs. on motion for ditch—verdict of jury for defendants. C. R. Rhoads, et al., vs. on motion for ditch—demurrer filed and under submission. P. L. Alford vs. G. W. Gentry—set forward to Thursday, 10th day. (not called at press hour). A. P. Kelly vs. Sam Neel—passed. Albert Oberst, guardian, vs. Perry Kirk and Flora Hudson vs. Williams Coal Co.—set forward to Wednesday, 9th day. (not yet called). T. M. Jones vs. Lee Duke—verdict of jury for plaintiff. Bogg Key vs. I. C. R. R. Co.—on trial. Alex Bennett vs. Clyde Ralph—dismissed, settled.

Attorney Albert Oberst, of Owensboro, attended court Thursday.

After attending the court here several days this week Hon. Ben D. Ringo returned to Owensboro yesterday.

C. W. Arnold, Charley Bratcher and Oscar Stewart have been empaneled as petit jurors.

When buying an article that is supposed to last a lifetime, it pays to examine it carefully and be SURE. An expert from the factory will be at our store for one week, commencing May 8, to show you why you need buy but once if you buy a MAJESTIC range.

E. P. BARNES & BRO., Beaver Dam, Ky.

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

Fairly Good Attendance at Schools on Go-To-Sunday-School Day.

The call for a large attendance by the Sunday School Association was answered in Ohio county and many a would-be sleeper broke the habit and arose earlier than usual Sunday morning to be among those present at the school of his choice. So far as could be ascertained, however, few records were broken along the attendance line.

Centertown Methodist—The attendance at the Centertown Methodist Sunday School Sunday, according to an enthusiastic worker, was one hundred, which bespeaks well for that school.

Baptist—The attendance at the Hartford Baptist Church Sunday School Sunday morning was 93.

Christian—58 attended the Christian School on Go-To-Sunday-School

Day. In proportion to membership the attendance there was up to the standard.

An interesting Children's Day program was carried out at the Methodist church Sunday morning at the Sunday School hour, which accounts for the attendance of 203 and the collection of \$10.39. A splendid choir, assisted by violins, cornet and clarinet, made enjoyable music. The music was under the direction of M. Bean. A short talk by Pastor Napier was an addition to the program.

Notice to Teachers.

The next and last examination for common school diplomas for this year will be held at Hartford and Fordsville on Friday and Saturday, May 12 and 13, 1916.

The first examination for teachers certificates (white), will be held at Hartford on Friday and Saturday, May 19 and 20, and for colored applicants on Friday and Saturday, May 26 and 27. Please let all those interested be ready.

Sincerely,
OZNA SHULTS, S. S. O. C.

All children are invited to be at our store on Tuesday between 3 and 5 in the afternoon. We have a pleasant surprise for them. Watch our advertisement in this paper.

E. P. BARNES & BRO., Beaver Dam, Ky.

FORMER HARTFORD BOY GUARDS BORDER

CAPTAIN PERRY KEOWN ORDERED OUT WITH NEW MEXICO NATIONAL GUARD

The following is taken from the Clovis (New Mexico) Journal. The Capt. Keown spoken of is a former Ohio county boy, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Cal P. Keown, of Hartford. The New Mexico Militia was ordered out by President Wilson Tuesday and it is supposed that Captain Keown and his company are now guarding the Mexican border.

"Capt. Keown of the local company K of the New Mexico National Guard, has received information, it is understood, from official sources to the effect that his company may momentarily expect orders to entrain for border service, which report has called for prompt preparation on the part of the boys of the local company, who have donned the khaki and are drilling earnestly for the emergency." The local company is composed entirely of white boys which fact has led to the belief that should any of the companies of the National Guard of the state be called for border service that Company K would be among the first called upon. Many enlistments have been made within the past two days, bringing the number in the company up considerably, and creating a lively interest in its work."

TWO NIGHT RIDERS ARE GIVEN VERDICT BY JURY

Madisonville, Ky., May 10.—W. H. Peterson and Hollie Jackson, men under indictment as a result of a raid of night riders on negroes at Carbondale in the fall of 1914, in which George Long, nine year old negro boy, was shot and killed, were found guilty in circuit court here today and were given from one to two years in the penitentiary.

Attention, Farmers!

We have a stock of Farm Implements consisting of Blue Bird Plows, Vulcan Chilled Turning Plows, Peg Tooth and Disc Harrows, Corn Drills, Cultivators and anything else in the Implement line. We also have three Weber Road Wagons and one Run-about Buggy. All this will be sold on regular terms. Don't forget we still handle the established Jones' Brand Fertilizer.

W. E. ELLIS & BRO., Hartford, Ky.

Card of Thanks.

We extend our thanks to our friends for their sympathy shown us in the loss of our dear mother and grandmother, Mary Mercer. We also thank the donors of the beautiful floral pieces and Rev. Napier for his kind and consoling words, and J. F. Casebier for the efficient manner in which the funeral was conducted. THE FAMILY.

\$85,000,000 FOR ROAD BUILDING

SENATE PASSES FEDERAL AID BILL TO ASSIST STATES IN HIGHWAY BUILDING.

\$1,510,000 FOR KENTUCKY

Will Be Great Help to Blue Grass State Provided She Puts Up Like Amount.

Washington, May 8.—Under the terms of the revised bill, providing for Federal aid in the construction of rural post roads, that passed the Senate today, Kentucky will receive a generous amount during the each of the five years for which the appropriation is carried.

Of the \$5,000,000 to be expended by the Federal Government during the next fiscal year, for road improvement work in the several states, Kentucky's share is \$1,510,000. During the second year when \$10,000,000 is to be spent, the State's apportionment is \$2,012,000; during the third year, the State is scheduled to receive \$3,018,000 of the \$15,000,000 to be expended; during the fourth year \$4,024,000 is Kentucky's share of the \$20,000,000 and for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1921, when \$25,000,000 is to be spent the State is to receive \$5,030,000 for road building purposes.

Kentucky's Share.

The apportionment to Kentucky and her sister States is made on the bases of area, population, and the mileage of rural delivery and star routes. Kentucky embraces 40,181 square miles; her population is said to be 2,289,905 and she has 26,769.94 miles of rural delivery and star routes. As a result, the State is scheduled to receive 2.012 per cent. of the Federal apportionment; provided, of course, she complies with the provisions of the proposed law.

Credit Plan Defeated.

The bill, known as the Bankhead Good Roads Bill, was passed without a record vote. It provides \$85,000,000 in construction of post roads, contingent upon an equal expenditure by the States. A fight, led by Senator Smoot, of Utah, to extend the credit of the United States to the States for construction of roads was lost 47 to 20.

The bill appropriates \$5,000,000 for the year ending June 30, 1917, with increasing appropriations until 1921 when the entire amount is to have been spent. The money is to be apportioned by the Secretary of Agriculture, according to the terms of the bill.

Senator Nelson, of Minnesota, and Senator Lippitt, of Rhode Island, clashed in the closing moments of the debate after the Rhode Island Senator had introduced a table showing that three Eastern States, New York, Massachusetts and Pennsylvania, would contribute through their taxes more than one-half of the entire revenue appropriated for roads.

West Enriching East.

"I have heard so often that certain States pay more than their share of the income tax, that I am getting tired of that," Senator Nelson stated. "The Eastern States are able to pile up the great fortunes because they draw on the Western country for it. They have not got this money from Europe, but from us consumers in the West, and I am getting tired of their objecting to pay back a small portion of it to the people of the West."

The measure is a substitute for the Shackleford bill, which passed the House, providing that not more than \$25,000,000 should be appropriated annually by the Federal Government.

Few people know it, but a defective range is a steady drain on the family purse. A range expert, who will have charge of our MAJESTIC DEMONSTRATION, week of May 8 to 13 will show you how to reduce household expenses.

E. P. BARNES & BRO., Beaver Dam, Ky.

Notice To Housekeepers.

Buy Ellis Milling Co.'s Blue Ribbon Flour. Every sack contains a coupon which entitles you to a piece of Aluminum Ware at Wholesale price.

FARM DEPARTMENT

Dip to Prevent Scab

Sheep owners should continue for some years to dip their flocks at least once a year as a precaution against sheep scab, according to specialists in the department. During the past 10 years systematic efforts to eradicate this disease have been so successful that there is a tendency on the part of many flock masters to believe that all danger of loss from this cause is at an end. This, however, in the opinion of the department, is not the case. It is true that the economic losses from the disease at the present time are insignificant, but scab has not been completely eradicated, and it is necessary for the protection of the industry that dipping be continued for some time to come.

Common scab was formerly the greatest drawback to the sheep industry in the United States. It is, however, easily controlled by regular dipping in lime-sulphur or nicotine and sulphur solutions. These are the only preparations recognized by the Bureau of Animal Industry for official dipping. The dipping solutions are not difficult to handle, and every sheep owner is urged to make certain by their use that sheep scab does not gain a foothold in his flock. In the cost of dipping, labor, fuel, and the necessary materials are the principal items. These vary with different localities, but in the large sheep-growing sections of the West it has been calculated that sheep may be dipped for from 2 to 3 1/2 per head.

Two dippings, from 10 to 14 days apart, are necessary in order to insure the complete destruction of all the mites which cause the disease. The first dipping should kill all those that are hatched but may not destroy the eggs that have been laid in the wool. These hatch in 10 days and the mites which result will succumb to the second dipping. In this connection a new publication of the department, Farmers' Bulletin 713, points out that it is a loss of time and money to dip sheep unless the work is done properly, and any attempt to economize time, labor, or money by using the dip in weaker proportions than recommended, or by hurrying the bath, or by failing to dip all of the flock, may result in rendering the whole operation useless.

Live Stock Prices.

The average price of live stock on the Chicago market last week were: Cattle \$9.15; hogs, \$9.80; the corresponding week of 1915 the averages were: Cattle, \$7.55; hogs, \$7.55; sheep, \$7.95, and lambs, \$9.75.

Foot-and-Mouth Over

The long fight against the foot-and-mouth disease is over. The Secretary of Agriculture has issued an order which on March 31 removed all foot-and-mouth quarantines and restrictions against the shipment and movement of live stock. The order signed specifically removes the quarantine from a small territory in Christian County, Ill., the last area which was under suspicion. Along with the removal of this local quarantine, the various Federal orders restricting shipment of cattle are rescinded, so that dealers can now ship their cattle as before the first quarantine was imposed.

Upon notification that the United States is free from the disease, all foreign governments which have placed embargoes on American cattle are expected to remove these embargoes, so that cattle raisers will then be able to resume shipments to these foreign countries.

The magnitude of the work of eradication and control carried on by farmers, shippers and the state and federal governments is shown by the fact that before controlled, the disease had gained a temporary footing in 22 states and the District of Columbia. The disease appeared and was controlled in 269 different counties.

The importance of the stock-raising industry of eradicating foot-and-mouth disease may be judged from the results of this plague in Denmark, where the disease appeared at about the same time that it broke out in the United States. The area of Denmark is approximately equal to that of the three New England states, Massachusetts, Connecticut and Rhode Island. It is, however, a great dairy country, and it has been estimated that the losses in milk in one year caused by the foot-and-mouth disease have amounted to approximately one-third of the total cost of eradicating the pestilence in 22 states of this country. The Danish authorities were unable to carry out their former policy of slaughter, and were compelled to resort to such measures of control as could be established by quarantines and other restrictions.

As a result of a better understanding between the State and National Governments, representatives of the department believe that many of the obstacles which confronted the au-

thorities in the past outbreak would not be encountered in dealing with any future occurrence of the disease. The veterinarians, however, will not abate their watchfulness for some time. Examination of animals and animal products offered for import will continue to be unusually strict.

Marketing Hogs.

In order to market to the best advantage, either in carload lots on the open market or in small droves to the country shipper or to the local packer, hogs ought to be made to appear at their best. They should be well bred so as to be of good form and all be of the same size, consequently should have been farrowed as nearly as possible at the same time. They ought to show as much thrift, quality and finish as possible and all be of the same color.

The question of color is of greater importance than is generally realized. A few white hogs in a big drove of black ones may, by their presence, detract almost as much from the value of the drove as they individually are worth. In a drove of mixed color differences in size are much more apparent than in a drove of one color. If there is a small white hog in a drove of black ones he will surely be noticed, but if there is a small black one in the same drove he may be overlooked.

Hogs should be shipped so as to reach the market in the morning in time to be watered and fed before the best part of the market is over. This time varies with prevailing conditions, but is between 7 and 11 a. m.

In order to have them at their best on the market, the animals should not be overfed and should not have laxative feed before shipping. Care must be taken also not to allow them to drink too much water. It is better to give them a moderate ration of dry feed before starting them to market and give them some ear corn in the car.

The car should be well bedded with wheat straw in winter and with sand in summer. Wheat straw is better than oat straw for bedding in a car in which hogs are to be shipped, as the animals will not perspire so much, which causes them to become wet and steaming and detracts much from their appearance. Sand in summer is cooler than straw. When arriving at the market the hogs should be dry, lively and not too gaunt.—Farmers Home Journal.

REBEL WEDS HOUR BEFORE EXECUTION

EIGHTH LEADER TO SUFFER DEATH PENALTY MAJ. JOHN M'BRIDE.

Dublin, May 5 (via London, May 6).—It was officially announced today that Maj. John McBride, the eighth leader of the Sinn Fein rebellion to suffer death by sentence of court-martial, has been shot.

The sentences of Thomas Hunter and William Cosgrave, who were sentenced to death with Maj. McBride, were commuted to life imprisonment. Joseph Plunkett, one of the leaders of the rebellion, was married an hour before he was put to death to Miss Giffard, widow of one of the first rebels who was put to death after court-martial.

James M. Sullivan, former American Minister to the Dominican Republic, has been imprisoned in Dublin Castle for several days on the charge of having been implicated in the rebellion, probably will be released today, it is said by officials.

Edward L. Evans, American Consul in Dublin, has been active in behalf of Mr. Sullivan. He has made several trips to the Castle and held a number of conferences with high officials. The present favorable attitude of these officials apparently is due to the efforts of Mr. Adams.

POND RUN

May, 2.—Aunt Em. Chinn died at her home last Sunday after a few weeks illness and her remains were laid to rest in the home burying ground.

Mr. Jim Turner and children of Simons were the guest of his brother, Mr. Bud Turner the latter part of last week.

Uncle Jim Phillip returned to his home at Taylor Mines after a two weeks visit at Mr. H. L. Robinson.

Mrs. Guss Inhore of Indiana, has been visiting her sister, Mrs. L. D. Fulkerson.

Mr. L. A. McDaniel of Rockport, spent Easter with Mr. W. H. Tomerlin and family.

Mr. T. H. Graham gave the young folks a party last Saturday night everybody present reported a fine time.

Misses Mabel and Bessie Russell spent Saturday night and Sunday with their grandmother Mrs. Liza Robinson.

Mr. Harrison Maddox spent Sunday with his sister Mrs. L. J. Robinson.

STORIES FROM THE AMERICAN HISTORY

ALEXANDER HAMILTON'S DEFENSE OF THE FREEDOM OF THE PRESS.

The royal Governors of New York were having a stormy time of it during the first quarter of the seventeenth century, and complaints as to the conditions that existed could only be heard through the public press. On November 5, 1733, John Peter Zenger, a printer, who had learned the art in the establishment of William Bradford, began the publication of a paper called the New York Weekly Journal. This paper was the organ of the party that was opposed to the Governor of the province, and was powerfully supported by Chief Justice Lewis Morris, Rip Van Dam and James Alexander. About a year after its establishment Zenger was imprisoned, by an order of the council, on the charge of publishing false and seditious libels, principally through lampoons and pasquinades that attracted wide attention, which contributed greatly toward loosening the bonds between England and the colonies.

The grand jury before whom his case was presented would find no bill against him, and the Attorney General filed an information. The council of Zenger took exceptions to the commissions of the Judges because they ran during pleasure and because they were granted without the consent of the council.

The angry Judge met the objection by disbaring James Alexander, who offered it, though he stood at the head of the profession in New York for sagacity, penetration and application to business. All the central colonies regarded the controversy as their own.

Each party had a newspaper at command. The opposition to Zenger's weekly was called the New York Gazette, an aristocratic paper published by Bradford. Bradford had been in the printing business in New York from 1693, and his was the first newspaper printed in the colony.

Zenger had been imprisoned for a period of thirty-five weeks before his trial. During all this time the excitement was intense. At the trial the publishing was confessed, but the aged and venerable Alexander Hamilton, who went to New York from Philadelphia to plead for Zenger, justified the publication by asserting its truth.

"You cannot be admitted," interrupted the Chief Justice, "to give the truth of a libel in evidence." "Then," said Hamilton to the jury, "we appeal to you for witnesses of the facts. The jury have the right to determine both the law and the fact, and they ought to do so."

"The question before you," he added, "is not the cause of a poor printer, nor of New York alone; it is the cause of liberty." The jury gave their verdict "Not guilty."

Hamilton received of the Common Council of New York the franchises of the city for "his learned and generous defense of the rights of mankind and the liberty of the press." Besides this Hamilton was entertained by a public dinner, and when he started across the river to return to Philadelphia, he was honored by the firing of a salute of cannon.

When Zenger was released from prison he was received with tumultuous applause by a concourse of people who had assembled to learn of the result. This event has been termed "the morning star of that liberty which subsequently revolutionized America." Zenger died in 1764 and his paper was continued by his wife and son.

Hamilton's remarkable speech, which completely won the jury, ended with the following: "Men who injure and oppress the people under their administration provoke them to cry out and complain, and then make that very complaint the foundation for new oppressions. The question before the court, and you, gentlemen of the jury, is not of small or private concern, it is not the cause of a poor printer nor of New York alone which we are now trying."

"No! It may in its consequences affect every freeman that lives under a British government on the main of America! It is the best cause, it is the cause of liberty, and I make no doubt but your upright conduct this day will not only entitle you to the love and esteem of your fellow-citizens, but every man who prefers freedom to a life of slavery will hies and honor you, as men who have baffled the attempt of tyranny and an impartial and uncorrupt verdict have laid a noble foundation for securing to ourselves, our posterity and our neighbors, that to which nature and the laws of our country have given us a right—the liberty of both exposing arbitrary power by speaking and writing truth."

The words of Hamilton's remark-

able appeal to the jury for free speech are frequently quoted in cases in which an appeal is made for the freedom of the press.—Louisville Evening Post.

McHenry Delinquent School Tax List.

1913, E. G. Burton Heirs one lot, J. L. Burton, agt.	4.18
1914, Same	4.18
1915, Same	4.18
1913, Mrs. Mary Cargal, 10 acres land	3.79
1913, George Smith, one lot	14.52
1913, James A. Austin, one lot	6.57
1914, Same	6.57
1915, Same	6.57
1913, N. P. Brown, one lot	7.36
1915, Same	8.27
1913, Galtner Heirs, one lot	4.18
1915, Same	3.39
1913, Ollis Hawes, one lot	5.38
1915, Same	6.18
1913, J. T. Maddox, one lot	4.97
1913, Frank Penman, one lot	2.99
1914, Same	1.40
1913, S. A. Reynolds, one lot	9.58
1913, Charlie Stewart, one lot	4.58
1913, Williams Mines Amusement Co., one lot	4.77
1914, Same	4.77
1915, Same	4.77
1913, G. C. Wakeland, one lot	4.58
1913, Virgil Wise, one lot	3.79
1914, Same	3.79
1915, Same	3.79
1914, H. M. Maddox, one lot	4.58
1915, Same	4.58
1914, Mrs. Rosa Maddox, one lot	4.97
1915, Same	4.97
1914, Jano Gwynn	4.18
1915, Same	4.18
1914, Roscoe Calloway, one lot	5.38
1914, Levi Givens, 50 acres land	7.76
1915, Same	6.62
1914, Almer Porter, one lot	4.18
1914, Robert Trail, one lot, Pr't 34	3.38
1914, Thomas Baker, one lot, Pr't 14	3.78
1915, Arthur Dowell, one lot	4.58
1915, H. B. Geary, one lot	4.89
1915, Mrs. Martha Jones, one lot	4.97
1915, Isaac Parriott, one lot	5.68
1915, Mrs. Cynthia Shull, one lot	2.20
1915, James Stevens, two lots	4.97
1915, R. P. Beck, 45 acres land	30.57
1915, George Chinn, one lot	4.98
1915, Calvin Craddock, one lot	4.58
1915, Christian Heirs, one lot, L. L. Stewart agt.	3.79
1915, D. M. Duncan estate, one lot, W. Duncan agt	16.51
1915, J. O. Hoeker, one lot	7.36
1915, R. A. Pierce	8.04
1915, E. P. Rogers, one lot	6.57
1915, John H. Reynolds, one lot	5.50
1915, S. A. Reynolds, one lot	10.58
1915, Robt. Raines, one lot	3.79
1915, Mrs. Amelia Southard, one lot	3.39
1915, Mrs. J. D. Simpson, one lot	3.39
1915, Ed. Cooper, one lot	3.79
1915, Will Turner, one lot	3.28

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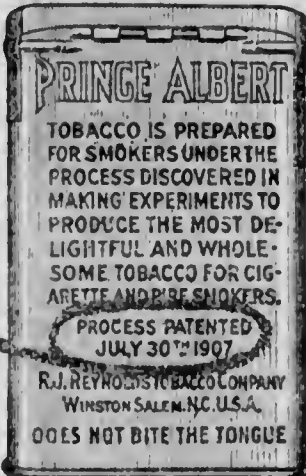
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PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke

YOU'LL find a cheery howdy-do on top no matter how much of a stranger you are in the neck of the woods you drop into. For Prince Albert is right there—at the first place you pass that sells tobacco! The happy red bag sells for a nickel and the tidy red tin for a dime; then there's the handsome pound and half-pound tin humdrum and the pound crystal glass humdrum with sponge-moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such band-up trim all-the-time!



This is the reverse side of the Prince Albert tidy red tin. Read this "Patented Process" message-to-you and realize what it means in making Prince Albert so much to your liking.

in goodness and in pipe satisfaction is all we or its enthusiastic friends ever claimed for it!

It answers every smoke desire you or any other man ever had! It is so cool and fragrant and appealing to your smokeappetite that you will get chummy with it in a mighty short time!

Will you invest 5c or 10c to prove out our say-so on the national joy smoke?

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.

A BIG PRIZE FOR PIG CLUBS

Offered By General Coleman du Pont and Other Wealthy Men

In an address to the members of the Louisville Board of Trade one day last week, Gen. Coleman du Pont praised the movement now on foot by various wealthy citizens to raise a Big Prize Fund for Pig Clubs all over the State, which is to be distributed among boys and girls producing the best hog at the lowest cost per pound under rules to be formulated by the Louisville Board of Trade and the State Agricultural Experiment Station.

Gen. du Pont who, by the way, is a candidate for the Republican nomination for President, told the audience that his sense of business efficiency had been outraged for years because of the great waste of such fine stock feed at the distillery plants of the State, when the farmers could fatten their hogs on it at a small percentage of what it required to make the same number of pounds from feeding corn. "Now," said he, "that the farmer has an opportunity to get this concentrated feed at a very low price from the distilleries and that a movement is on foot to raise a Big Prize Fund to be awarded Pig Clubs throughout the State where this heretofore waste material is used as part rations, I am willing to contribute \$500.00 or more to said fund."

To this amount was promptly added another \$500.00 by Mr. James Thompson, of Louisville, one of the candidate's hosts, who, by the way, is using his good offices for increasing the fund to several thousand dollars, making it worth while for boys and girls in nearly every county to go after a prize. Several prizes have already been awarded in Daviess county, where some 25,000 hogs are fattened annually on the liquid food products that heretofore has been run off into the streams or dried up and shipped abroad for cattle feed.

MARRYING WAR HEROES

League for that Purpose Proposed in Great Britain.

London, May 6.—Dr. Murray Leslie, figuring the British casualties in the present war up to Feb. 1 at just over half a million, as against only 50,000 during the whole of the Transvaal War, calculates that for every thousand deaths there are 200 cases of permanent disablement.

After giving these startling figures he consoled the members of the Institute of Hygiene by stating that a man being crippled or even deformed by no means stood in the way of his potentialities as one of the fathers of future generation.

On the contrary, these men, members of the greatest voluntary army ever raised, were the flower of the

British race and would be the fathers of the finest children ever raised in this country, provided they were free from any organic troubles.

The present marriage rate was the highest on record, he said. Nearly all these unions were confined to young, strong, vigorous soldiers and there were numerous instances of sound and healthy girls mating with the men of their choice even though they had been disabled or disabled.

From a purely eugenic point of view the lecturer favored war engagements and war marriages.

"It has been proposed," the lecturer went on, "to found a league for the marrying of wounded heroes. Perhaps it would not be easy to make such a scheme a practical one, but the principle is a sound one. The economic question is the moot point, but how many women there are in the country with comfortable incomes, who spend large sums annually on pampered lapdogs, and who might with advantage turn their attention to eugenic marriages with wounded soldiers."

Dr. Leslie refuted the error that deformities were hereditary, assuring any skeptical hearers that there were no records of acquired deformities, mutilations, wooden legs or other disabilities being transmitted to offspring.

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OHIO RIVER PACKET BURNS AT CINCINNATI WHARF

Cincinnati, May 1.—The steamer Indiana, owned by the Louisville & Cincinnati Packet Company, caught fire at 12:15 o'clock this afternoon and before the flames were extinguished all the upperworks were destroyed. No one was injured and the origin of the fire was not ascertained. The Indiana has been out of commission for about a month and had been tied up here.

The Indiana was a sister ship of the steamers City of Louisville and the City of Cincinnati. The owners estimate the loss will exceed \$85,000. The steamers Kentucky and the Hattie Brown were tied near the Indiana when the fire broke out. The Charles Carroll went to the rescue and towed them from the danger zone.

Pills Best for Liver.

Because they contain the best liver medicines, no matter how bitter or nauseating for the sweet sugar coating hides the taste. Dr. King's New Life Pills contain ingredients that put the liver working, move the bowels freely. No gripe, no nausea, aid digestion. Just try a bottle of Dr. King's New Life Pills and notice how much better you feel 25c at drug-gists.

BURY THEIR DEAD IN FRONT YARDS

OTHER QUEER FEATURES OF UNIQUE VIRGINIA TOWN—NO MURDERS.

On his cruise down the Potomac abroad the Mayflower, last Saturday, the President and Mrs. Wilson visited Tangier, a quaint old Virginia town, situated on an island of the same name near the mouth of the river in Chesapeake Bay. They passed several hours there, visiting the places of interest in the little community, where fishing is the only industry.

The town of Tangier is peculiar in many ways and interested the President immensely, according to those who accompanied the party from the Mayflower, which anchored a short distance from the island. One of the oddities, they said, is the fact that the yards in front of the houses are the burying places for the family dead.

The yards are small—not larger than two good sized rooms—but in each of them are graves—here four or five and there nine or ten, with elaborate monuments and customary head stones. The lawns are green and well kept, with neat walks and fences. Flowers grow all around the graves.

Tangier is one of the few towns in the country—maybe the only town—which never has had an automobile, no matter how tiny. There are no horses or wagons there either, for there is no place for them. The single street which the town boasts is only six feet wide. The only way to get there is by flat-bottom boat, for the water is so shallow that even the tender of a yacht cannot be brought to shore. There are no docks.

There has not been a murder in Tangier for more than forty years. The people are so good they do not have a sheriff or any other officer of the law.

Whooping Cough.

"When my daughter had whooping cough she coughed so hard at one time that she had hemorrhage of the lungs. I was terribly alarmed about her condition. Seeing Chamberlain's Cough Remedy so highly recommended, I got her a bottle and it relieved the cough at once. Before she had finished two bottles of this remedy she was entirely well," writes Mrs. S. F. Grimes, Crooksville, Ohio. Obtainable everywhere.

A beetle found extensively on the high plains of Ecuador, roasted like a chestnut, is eaten by the natives of that country.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

FRIENDLY FEELING FOR UNITED STATES SHOWN

SECRETARY McADOO REVIEWS SOUTH AMERICAN TRIP.

Washington, May 8.—Secretary McAdoo, back from the Buenos Aires meeting of the international high commission, declined in a statement that leading South American statesmen agreed with him that quick development of a merchant marine under an American flag and completion of a pan-American railway are the most important factors to be considered in plans for closer unity among American nations. The secretary and the other members of the United States section of the commission reached Hampton Roads on the cruiser Tennessee early today and immediately came to the capital.

Mr. McAdoo, as head of the section, reviewed the work of the Buenos Aires meeting at length and announced that in all countries he visited on the way back from Argentina he found a most friendly feeling toward the United States.

"I had the honor and privilege of meeting and conversing with the presidents of Brazil, Uruguay, Argentina, Chile, Peru, Panama, Cuba and Haiti, and I also met many of the leading statesmen of South America with whom I discussed questions of national interest," said the statement. "Everywhere I found an earnest desire to strengthen commercial, financial and political relations with the United States, and everywhere we went there was a genuinely friendly attitude and a complete absence of that suspicion and distrust of the United States which has, until recently, existed to a more or less degree in some, at least, of the Central and South American countries. This is a very fortunate development. It is due primarily to the policies and utterances of President Wilson and to the suggestions made by the United States for mutual guarantees of the territorial integrity and political independence of all the American republics.

Look to United States.

"Every leading statesman in South America with whom I talked emphasized the paramount importance of a merchant marine under the flag of the United States, or under the flags of the different American nations, if American financial and commercial relations are to be enlarged upon an enduring foundation. The hope was expressed in every country and was voiced in the resolutions unanimously adopted by the international high commission that the United States will promptly solve this pressing problem, and there was frank recognition that the United States alone has the financial resources to do so.

"Another question of great importance is the completion of the intercontinental railway connecting North and South America through the Isthmus of Panama. Outside of ocean transportation, no other undertaking is more essential to the future development of North and South America than the construction of this great railroad. It is not a visionary idea; it is a very practical idea, and one that can be realized at much less cost than the Panama Canal.

"The total distance between New York and Buenos Aires by rail is 10,300 miles, of which approximately 7,400 miles have been built and are now in operation, leaving approximately 2,900 miles to be constructed. The principal gaps in the intercontinental railway are in the countries of Central America and in Colombia, Ecuador and Peru in South America, and the estimated cost of construction is, roughly speaking, \$150,000,000. With these links completed it would require only a relatively small amount of additional construction to connect the main trunk line with Santiago, Chile and Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, and then practically all the principal capitals of Central and South America will be connected with each other and with all the cities of the United States. "All aboard for Buenos Aires," when shouted in the railroad stations of New York City, will be a thrilling announcement. Some day, and in the not remote future, this announcement will be heard."

The Aches of House Cleaning.

The pain and soreness caused by bruises, over-exertion and straining during housecleaning time are soothed away by Sloan's Liniment. No need to suffer this agony. Just apply Sloan's Liniment to the sore spots rub only a little. In a short time the pain leaves, you rest comfortably and enjoy a refreshing sleep. One grateful user writes: "Sloan's Liniment is worth its weight in gold." Keep a bottle on hand, use it against all Soreness, Neuralgia and Bruises. Kills pain. 25c at your druggist. 2

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says Mrs. Sylvania Woods, of Clifton Mills, Ky., in writing of her experience with Cardui, the woman's tonic. She says further: "Before I began to use Cardui, my back and head would hurt so bad, I thought the pain would kill me. I was hardly able to do any of my housework. After taking three bottles of Cardui, I began to feel like a new woman. I soon gained 35 pounds, and now, I do all my housework, as well as run a big water mill. I wish every suffering woman would give

GARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

a trial. I still use Cardui when I feel a little bad, and it always does me good."

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For Lazy Liver and the Troubles of Constipation.

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BIG MAY SALE. We will sell for less because we have no losses to make up.

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A big lot of up-to-the-minute Hats for the May Sale. Remember we save you 50c to \$1.00 on each hat.

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All grades and qualities. Still selling fast color Lawns and Calicoes at 5c and on up to the \$1.00 yard. We can please you in quality and price. These prices are not guaranteed longer than the May Sale.

READY-MADE WAISTS, DRESSES, &c

We have a complete line of Ladies' Ready-to-Wear from head to foot. There are some remarkable values in this lot that should not be overlooked if you want a real bargain. Pretty new Wash Skirts98c up

If you come to us your dollars will have more cents. Try It and see. Get in on the May Sale.

Men's heavy blue Overalls98c
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A good pair Work Pants50c
Big lot regular \$1.25 Pants98c
25c Men's Suspenders10c
50c Neckwear37c
25c Neckwear17c
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Nelson Work Sox8c
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Anonymous communications will receive no attention.

TELEPHONES.

Cumberland123
Farmers' Mutual59

FRIDAY, MAY 12.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce TOM SPURRIER, of Grayson county, as a candidate for Congress, from the Fourth District, subject to the action of the Republican primary, Saturday, August 5, 1916.

Sinn Fein, the name of the Irish revolting party, is pronounced Shinn Fain and literally means, "ourselves alone."

Any objections made to the commission appointed by the Ohio Fiscal Court to handle the road funds, if the bonds are voted, can not but be fathered by personal grievances. We are glad to say we have directly heard none.

If the bonds are voted down this time you won't have to wait long for an opportunity to correct the mistake. The men backing this movement will not be defeated because their ranks are broken in the first charge.

The Verdun battle will go down in history as the greatest single engagement the world has ever seen, but if some of the tricks and methods resorted to by the participants is an indication of scientific warfare we prefer the old fashioned kind.

Why should one be forced to be an audience to the miraculous fish stories afloat these days when striving to keep posted upon the European war, the Mexican situation, Irish rebellions, sporting news, presidential campaigns, &c.?

It has been proved within the last few months that should this great country become engaged in war political differences would be almost entirely forgotten and that the press and the people would rally around the flag that the dead Huerta refused to salute.

Scott and Obregon seem quite fond of chatting on the border, but such diplomacy has long ago reached the stage of disgust in the minds of the American people and they yearn for a man who will do things. Dollar diplomacy is far from a suitable term. Two-bits would flatter the daylight out of its real value.

It is deplorable that the miners and operators of Western Kentucky can not get together on a wage scale that would be beneficial to all parties concerned. It seems that conditions, especially in some of the Ohio county mines, is getting serious, and it is to be hoped that an arrangement can

be made by which all parties may be enabled to profit.

Every available unit of the United States army is either in Mexico or guarding the border, and it was found necessary to call out the militia of three states as reinforcements, which only goes to show what a sad predicament we would find ourselves in should we become engaged with one of the powers. The most extreme anti-preparedness advocate should become alarmed at that true statement.

CHILDREN'S DAY.

On Labor Day the laborer lays aside his tools and recreates at his own discretion. On St. Patrick's Day we join the Irish in immortalizing the Patron Saint. On Mother's Day we are painstaking in making pleasant the day set aside for she who gave us birth. Likewise we lend our efforts to helping others enjoy certain days set aside for that particular purpose. But on Children's Day we sit back and let the children do the work.

We had the pleasure of attending what is popularly termed Children's Day Exercises by the Methodists Sunday and while we occasionally felt called upon to mutter contempt for he who started the custom of wearing hats, the occasion was an inspiration much more enjoyed as it was than had we been the prison of a stiff collar for the first time that week with a pair of shoes, that hurt, keeping the outer door. The youthful singers and readers did well. Better than many of the seniors in the audience. Some of them, seemed to really enjoy it, but others, the boys especially, showed plainly that they were anxious to end the agony.

By all means the old custom of Children's Day should be kept up but as the grown-ups are the ones who sit back, listen, enjoy and profit it seems to us that it should be styled in its proper form, "Old Folk's Day." We might reciprocate and on Children's Day shower dolls on the smaller girls and present the boys with marbles and tops. At any rate we should leave off the apostrophe.

A FADING OPPORTUNITY.

On the 20th of this month the voters of Ohio county will say whether or not we will issue bonds for the improvement of our highways. The question is of major importance to the grand old county and we should not take a stand before thoroughly acquainting ourselves with the facts of the issue. It is not only proper that this should be done, but it is the solemn duty of every man to know well the step he is taking when he marks his ballot on the 20th.

In order to more thoroughly acquaint the voters with the issue the committee has engaged the services of one of Kentucky's good roads experts to deliver a series of addresses over the county. His speakings should be well attended and you should not be backward with your questions, for your lone vote may push forward or retard the progress of the county.

Opposition has sprung up in the most unexpected quarters. Many farmers who would undoubtedly benefit most profitably by getting out of the mire have avowed their disapproval of the issue. But perhaps the greatest shock is the lining up in the ranks of the opposition a county newspaper, which should be beating a drum in the band wagon instead of tooting a pessimistic taps at the tail end of the move-forward procession. On the other hand many who might have been expected to look with disfavor upon the question are talking bonds and good roads.

Simply because a pike will not border one's farm can hardly be

looked upon by the bond advocates as a good excuse for opposition, because if Ohio county is ever to have good roads she must first have a skeleton just the same as a building must first have its foundation. With good inter-county-seat roads as a skeleton we can and will, in time, improve the others. Every mile that separates your farm from a good road depreciates the value of the land. If the county seat roads are piked you will certainly be nearer to a good road than you are at present. Hadn't the farmer better start his haul on the worst end of the road with fresh horses and wind up on a good road than to start on the good end and complete his journey on the bad part of the road with tired horses? If we get and keep the good road spirit he should later have a decent road for the entire journey. Never, however, if we continue to permit a \$300,000 bond issue on \$7,185,000 worth of property to act as a scare-crow to drive us from one of the most productive fields of prosperity.

As for the increase in taxes, we can think of no one at present who will be forced into hands of charity by an increase of twenty cents on the hundred. If you now own a farm listed at \$1,000 your taxes can only be increased \$2 a year and some of us would give that much to pike the Villa trail. In proportion a farm listed at \$4,000 would call for only \$8 more taxes a year, and not \$80 as one good farmer friend has been informed.

If the bonds are voted and you find that you are seriously damaged by having a good road near you, sell the place, you should get more for it, and immigrate to the land where the maximum load of produce is fixed by the thriving mud hole.

There is a nice present at our store for every boy and girl in the neighborhood. The MAJESTIC man brought them and will expect all of the children to visit him and receive their gifts, on Tuesday between 3 and 5 in the afternoon.

E. P. BARNES & BRO.,
Beaver Dam, Ky.

Land Sale for Drainage Taxes.

By authority vested in me as sheriff of Ohio county, Kentucky, I, or one of my deputies, will offer at public sale, for drainage taxes due me, interest and costs herein, at the court house door in Hartford, Ohio county, Kentucky, on June 3, 1916, it being the first Monday of said June, 1916, the following described property, to wit:

W. H. Williams, 115 acres bounded as follows: Beginning at a stake, corner between Fanny H. Barnes and G. A. Barnes; thence N. 81 1/4 feet to a stake; thence N. 2 3/4 W. 307 feet to a stake; thence N. 77 W. 600 feet to a stake; thence S. 64 1/4 W. 840 feet to a stake in the Hartford and Goshen road and in a line of Mrs. J. W. Mercer; thence with said road and said line N. 55 feet to a stake in said road; thence N. 6 1/2 E. 1970 feet to a stake in the line of J. F. Collins heirs; thence with said line to the beginning, containing 115 acres, more or less. Assessed in the first class at \$1,568.30.

The amount of assessments, interest and costs for the years 1914, 1915, and 1916 against above described property being: 1914, \$93.48; 1915, \$40.84; 1916, \$227.83. Other costs, \$11.00. Total \$373.15
S. O. KEOWN,
Sheriff Ohio County.

Anybody can afford to buy a MAJESTIC range, but very few people can afford to buy any other. The man from the factory will explain why. If you will visit our SPECIAL MAJESTIC DEMONSTRATION—one week, commencing May 8.

E. P. BARNES & BRO.,
Beaver Dam, Ky.

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The amount of assessments, interest and costs for the years 1914, 1915 and 1916 against above described property being: 1914, \$114.53; 1915, \$52.86; 1916, \$273.95. Other costs, \$10.48. Total amount \$451.82.
S. O. KEOWN,
Sheriff Ohio County.

\$6.90 BIRMINGHAM

and return via.
Louisville & Nashville R. R.
U. C. V. REUNION.
Tickets on sale May 13-17th, good returning until May 25th (subject to extension upon payment of 50c additional.) For further information apply local agent L. & N. R. R.

NOTICE!

See our big line of Straw
Hats and Oxfords for men
and women.

Hub Clothing Co.
HARTFORD, KY.

Attend the Big Salvage Sale

—AT—

SALINGER'S MANUFACTURERS' DEPARTMENT STORE
OWENSBORO, KY.

\$50,000.00 Stock of Clothing, Shoes, Ladies' Ready-to-Wear, Millinery, Men's and Boys' Furnishings and Hats, Mattings, Trunks and Bags, only slightly damaged by water on account of a fire next door.

Must be sold regardless of cost. It is worth your time to attend this big sale. Come, and tell your friends to come. Remember the place.

Salinger's Manufacturers' Department Store,

114-116 E. Main Street, Owensboro, Ky.

May Specials!



A Dress of Serge
McCall Pattern No. 7129, one of the
many new designs for May

The month of May is the time for graduation material, etc. You will find in our store an exquisite line of sheer fabrics, just the kind you are going to need, so don't worry about what you are going to wear and where you are going to get it, but come direct to our store and the matter will be settled.

Can show you plain and Fancy Mulls, Organ-dies, Voils, Paris Muslins, Lawns, Wash Silks, etc., with a varied line of trimmings to match. McCall patterns carried in stock, and competent salesladies to give you any information you may need.

Remember this, and that

**IT PAYS TO TRADE
WITH A HOUSE THAT
SAVES YOU MONEY**

FAIR & CO.
THE FAIR DEALERS

LADIES' SUMMER FOOTWEAR

We want every woman to know about the excellence and goodness of our new Spring and Summer Slippers and Shoes. You will appreciate the beauty of style, the superb workmanship and the comfort in wearing the

Queen Quality Shoes and Oxfords.

A million women have already learned their worth and are wearing them, never thinking of looking for any other kind of a slipper or shoe. "They suit me exactly," is an expression we hear daily concerning them. We don't hesitate to say that in these shoes we offer the best shoe value that is produced. Queen Quality slippers and shoes priced at \$3.50 to \$5.00 per pair.

Barnes' Special Slippers and Shoes, priced at \$1.50 to \$3.00.

There is not a good style of Pump or Oxford that we are not showing.

E. P. BARNES & BRO.
Beaver Dam, Ky.

Hartford Republican.

FRIDAY, MAY 12.

Dr. Denton, of Fordsville, was here Wednesday.

Mr. Z. R. Taylor, of Cromwell, is visiting Mr. R. B. Martin.

Call at Ellis Milling Co. and see the Aluminum cook vessels.

Mr. Z. R. Taylor of Cromwell, visited in Hartford this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ab Westerfield, of Dundee, were here Wednesday.

Regular meals 25 cents.

CITY RESTAURANT

Mr. and Mrs. W. Brown, of Point Pleasant, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Eck Hudson.

Miss Lula Walker, of Lexington, is visiting friends and relatives in and near Hartford.

Miss Ione Taylor, of Beaver Dam, was the guest of Miss Norine Black Saturday and Sunday.

Judge W. H. Barnes attended court at Hardinsburg and Morgantown Monday and Tuesday.

By using Ems' Blue Ribbon Flour you can stock your kitchen with Aluminum cook vessels at wholesale prices.

Elwood and Margaret Ellen Wallace, of Centrl City, are visiting their grand-parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Barnett.

For Sale—Two horses and two good brood mares. Terms to suit purchaser. Address Dr. L. B. Bean, Hartford, Ky. 441f

Miss Willie Smith is at home for a short vacation before resuming her studies in the Bowling Green Business University.

Mrs. Ed. Duke returned to Dundee Wednesday, after a short visit with friends and relatives at Hartford and Beda.

Sheriff S. O. Keown has bought the Lon Stevens farm 1 1/2 miles east of Hartford. The deed and papers were signed and fixed yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. T. H. Black, who is in Louisville hospital awaiting an operation is somewhat improved and will undergo the operation Monday morning.

Rev. R. L. Creal and wife, Rev. Birch Shields and Mr. Wm. Fair will leave Monday to attend the Southern Baptist Convention at Asheville, N. C.

Mrs. B. W. Napier has returned from a visit in Nashville. Her mother, Mrs. Morton, of the Tennessee capital, arrived yesterday afternoon for an extended visit.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Bennett, of New Hampton, Iowa, and Mrs. Jim Bennett, of Centertown, were guests of Mrs. A. W. Bennett and Miss Willie Smith Saturday and Sunday.

Clarence Farmer, of Fordsville, was brought to Hartford Tuesday night by Chief of Police Roberts and was Wednesday judged insane. He was taken to Hloplinsville yesterday for treatment.

Miss Verna Duke has resigned her position as stenographer for the law firm of Barnes & Smith and left Monday for Bowling Green, where she will take a course in the Bowling Green Business University.

Mr. Will Ward returned from Louisville Tuesday where he underwent a surgical operation in the Norton Infirmary. The operation was a complete success and Mr. Ward is fastly regaining his good health.

T. H. Black and W. H. Gillespie were elected trustees for the Hartford schools Saturday to fill vacancies due to the expiration of the terms of C. M. Barnett, deceased, and R. T. Collins. Many ladies voted in the election.

Every boy and girl can obtain a handsome souvenir, free, by visiting our store Tuesday between 3 and 5. See our advertisement in this paper for particulars.

E. P. BARNES & BRO.,
Beaver Dam, Ky.

Mr. McHenry Holbrook returned from London, Eng., Saturday where he has been, in the employment of the New York City Bank, for the last few months. He will leave Tuesday for Manila, P. I., where he has been ordered by his firm.

Miss Dora E. Bennett and Mr. Lee Patton, both formerly of near Hartford, were recently married at Globe, Arizona, where they will make their home in the future. Miss Bennett is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Bennett and is a very attractive young lady.

The people who know most about ranges invariably buy the MAJESTIC. The man from the factory will explain why if you visit our SPECIAL MAJESTIC DEMONSTRATION—one week commencing May 8.

E. P. BARNES & BRO.,
Beaver Dam, Ky.

Mr. John L. Titus, who has been here for the last several weeks receiving Ohio county bay, left yesterday for Troy, Ind. Mr. Titus stated before leaving that his firm had spent near \$35,000 in the county since the

first of the year. He may make this his home in the near future.

For one week, commencing May 8 you can secure eight dollars' worth of fine aluminum cooking utensils, absolutely free. The MAJESTIC man who will be at our store that week will tell you how.

E. P. BARNES & BRO.,
Beaver Dam, Ky.

The meeting of the Ohio County Missionary Baptist Mission Board is called off for next Tuesday May 16th, but will meet at its regular time in June Tuesday after second Sunday at 1:30 p. m. Hartford Baptist Church. All members please take notice.

Birch Shields, Ch'm'n.

It is very seldom that one receives something for nothing, but if you will visit our SPECIAL MAJESTIC DEMONSTRATION during the week beginning May 8 we will show you how to obtain \$8.00 worth of fine kitchen ware, absolutely free.

E. P. BARNES & BRO.,
Beaver Dam, Ky.

Dr. R. H. Miller, a former Ohio county boy now located in Bardstown was in Hartford several days this week. At a meeting of the State Osteopathic Association in Louisville last Saturday Dr. Miller was elected president of the Association. He is a young man, which makes the honor the greater. He was at one time a student of Hartford College.

Clarence Farmer, adjudged insane, escaped from the county jail Wednesday evening and more or less excitement was created when Jailer Midkiff made the discovery and did a marathon out of Washington street and up Clay to near the Riley residence where the chase ended. The Jailer fired his revolver in an attempt to frighten Farmer, but the latter was not inclined to heed and he forced Mr. Midkiff to show some real form before the return journey was begun. We are in favor of a law compelling jailers to do daily training in order to at all times be ready for the dash.

An article which, for years, has had the reputation of being the best, is a mighty safe article to buy. MAJESTIC ranges have their reputation and are probably the least expensive. Let the expert from the factory prove it at our SPECIAL MAJESTIC DEMONSTRATION—one week commencing May 8.

E. P. BARNES & BRO.,
Beaver Dam, Ky.

Administrator's Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of W. H. Ward, deceased, will please present same to me at my residence one-half mile from Beech Valley church, in Magnn precinct, Ohio county, Kentucky, or to Heavrin & Kirk, Attorneys, Hartford, Ky., properly verified as required by law, within 60 days hereafter. This May 10, 1916.

H. A. MIDKIFF,

Admr. of the estate of W. H. Ward, deceased 4513p

STRAY STREAKS.

(By Fluke McFluke.)

Prof. Brown says that he is having a "measley" time trying to keep the places on the High School play properly filled, dropping out appears to be contagious. . . .

Those high school pupils with measles are consoled by the fact that they escape taking a part in the commencement exercises, then too, when they return home after school mother and dad will perhaps not put the harness on for a few days. Some more consolation. . . .

We could write a real nice little story entitled "One man in a boat, asleep on the job &c." No, it would not be fiction either as we have proof in abundance, but we won't. . . .

Ed Barrass gained only 8 pounds during the week. He was down the river fishing (?) The boys say that Ed is a darn good camp man, three times every day. . . .

Here it is the 12th of May, and the nearest we have come to lamping a ball game was to see a kid on his way to school with a mit tied to his trouser belt. Things pear to be moving backward. . . .

We went fishing last week and as a result our stuff didn't show up in this column. We have been told that 40 or 50 subscribers have been threatening to stop their paper. . . .

The business manager of this sheet was with the Hartford Fishing Club on its annual trip last week and the boys say that said Manager had the best experience, which is as follows, that is according to the Manager's story: One day he was using a nice live minnow for bait when a fish suddenly made a vicious strike, getting away with the bait. He at once put on another minnow which was quickly scooped in by the same fish. This time it was well hooked and



ON TOP

There are sometimes disadvantages in being on top—you may have to pay too dearly for it.

But the man who wears the clothes we sell is on top in style, service and tailoring, qualities without paying an extra price.

Now, you won't die, get poor, lose your job or fail if you buy your serge suit somewhere else. But you might as well have the full advantage of dealing at the store that sells the BEST SERGE SUITS at the most reasonable prices. THAT'S HERE.

For instance, all wool serge suits at \$10.00, \$12.50, \$15.00 and \$18.00. You can't beat this range of prices on the qualities mentioned. Perhaps you can't equal it anywhere else. Any how, come in and let's talk it over.

CARSON & CO.

INCORPORATED.

Hartford, Kentucky.

Hollier Eight THE CAR IDEAL.

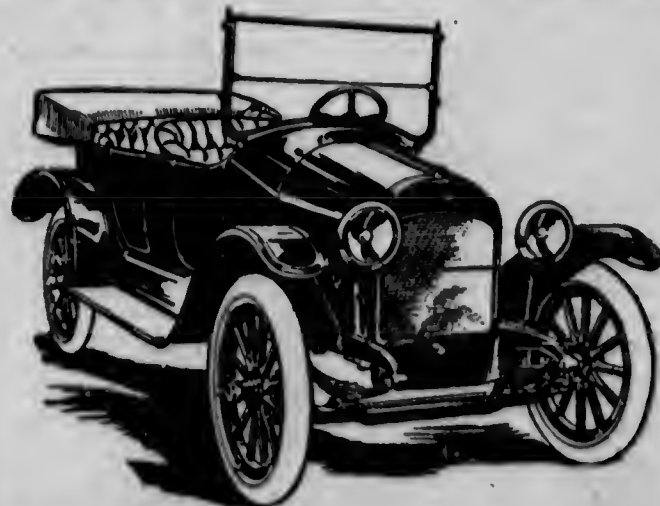
The new 1916 Hollier Eight is indeed the ideal pleasure car, combining in one car, at a moderate price, all those features you have so long desired, and been unable to find in other moderate-priced cars.

Light in weight, with tremendous power and speed, smooth running as a watch, easy riding as a Pullman car, built of highest grade material, finished like the finest furniture, with all conveniences of operation, there is really no other car to which it can be fairly compared.

No matter what other cars you are familiar with, there is a big surprise in store you when you see and ride in the Hollier Eight, for there is no other car in or near its price class anything like it in quality, construction, or performance.

Write or phone for detailed specifications and demonstration—NOW—and get acquainted with the Motor Car Sensation of the season.

D. G. YOUNG CO., Beaver Dam, Ky.



safely landed and on removing the hook the fish not only turned the last minnow free but kindly threw up the first one as well, which was yet alive and fresh. The boys say that the fish had probably been snake bitten and was only making room for the antidote smelled on the fisherman's breath. . . . The fellow who gives us the greatest pain is the wabbling guy whom we meet on the street wearing a \$1.49 pair of red shoes over a three for a quarter white sock, trousers rolled up half way to his knees, a flaming red tie around a neck which connects a body with a hollow dome and inside of the whole about three good squirts of whiskey in which a tumble bug wouldn't even wash his feet.

SKETCH OF THE IRELAND FEUDS

WAREFARE BETWEEN KINGS
MADE EMERY ISLE EASY
PREY.

STORY OF SINN FEIN

Leaders of Party Take Reforms
Brought About in Hungary as
Their Models.

London, May 6.—It was endless feuds and bloody warfare between the innumerable "kings" and chieftains of the Irish clans which made the island such an easy prey to England in the beginning.

Today Erin finds itself still a house divided against itself.

Even if the Sinn Fein and the Irish Volunteers could have carried out their plans to erect an Irish republic, it is doubtful if they could get even a majority of the Irish voters to approve the move.

The responsible elected representatives of Ireland in the British parliament are not in favor of independence from England. At the most they want home rule, like Canada, South Africa, Australia and New Zealand the so-called British self-governing dominions.

The Irish farmer knows that his prosperity depends on a market for his products. That market has always been almost exclusively England. With the market cut off, agricultural Ireland—and most of the island is agricultural—would be ruined.

Three Distinct Parties.

To understand the whole situation in Ireland it is to be kept in mind that there are three distinct and mutually hostile parties.

First, there is the party which is for maintaining the present status of close identity with England. Its members are known variously as Anti-Home Rulers, Orangemen, Ulsterites, Carsonites, and Unionists. They are especially Protestant and non-Gaelic, and their strength is in the north, where they control the most prosperous city in Ireland, Belfast.

The Ulsterites are strong supporting the British government in the present war. They have supplied a proportion of army volunteers far greater than the rest of Ireland.

At the same time it was their arming under Sir Edward Carson to oppose the putting into effect of the home rule bill, which indirectly brought about the present revolt.

The Orangemen feared that with Ireland self governing, the Protestant and industrial north, a minority of the population, which would be discriminated against by the Roman Catholic and agricultural south and west.

But their volunteers were quickly paralleled by the National Volunteers raised and drilled in Catholic communities, from which principally come to cause the present disturbances.

The Rebels, however, are a majority of the Irish Nationalists. The leader of the Nationalists is John Redmond, M. P., who joined with Sir Edward Carson in publicly repudiating the revolt in the house of commons.

The radicals who have caused the revolt are dissenters from the home rule program. They center about the Sinn Fein (pronounced Shinn Fain and meaning "Ourselves Alone") an organization formed about 1907 of men who believed the way to "free Ireland" was to fight and not to agitate.

The Sinn Fein established branches in every county and many newspapers were circulated as its organs.

Its leaders were not men who had before been prominent in Ireland. The Sinn Fein was an object of ridicule on the part of the Redmondites. Before the outbreak of war in 1914 the English allowed the Sinn Fein the greatest liberty, for the freedom of the press, of assembly and of public speech is as dear to the Britisher as to the American.

With the coming of the war crisis however, certain measures of repression were put in force. The principal Sinn Fein organ was forced to discontinue publication.

Although itself of recent origin, the Sinn Fein is a legitimate descendant of the Young Ireland movement which resulted in revolutionary disturbances in 1848.

In that year a faction of radical opinion condemned the home rule agitation led by Daniel O'Connell as not aggressive enough and established the Young Ireland party.

Sinn Fein's Leaders

Among the leaders of the party were Charles G. Duffy, John Mitchell, whose grandson is now mayor of New York City; Thomas F. Meagher, later a famous leader in the American civil

war, and Thomas D'Arcy McGee.

The Sinn Feiners take the revolution in Hungary and the reforms brought about in the portion of Francis Joseph's empire as their model, and a series of articles by Arthur Griffith on "The Resurrection of Hungary," which were widely circulated in Ireland, had much to do with the founding of the society.

The last serious revolt in Ireland was in 1798, when Wolfe Tone, Lord Edward Fitzgerald and others enlisted the French on their side, just as Sir Roger Casement has brought the German aim today. Tone, Fitzgerald, Napper Tandy and Oliver Bond, the principal leaders, were all Protestants.

The French twice landed expeditions on the shores of Ireland. The rebels were not able to stand up against trained British troops and several massacres of prisoners alienated the sympathy of the Irish Protestants, who otherwise might have been counted upon to fight the British side by side with the Gaelic element. Fitzgerald was killed, Tone committed suicide to escape hanging and the remnants of French troops laid down their arms.

Tone spent some time before the revolt in the United States and got sympathy and money there. Today German aid of Ireland is insignificant in comparison with American aid. New York is only second to Dublin as a centre of plotting against British rule. Most of the money for seditious movements in Ireland comes from Irishmen who have prospered in the States.

With the suppression of the revolt in 1798, came, in 1801, the enactment of the act of union, by which Ireland was made no longer a colony. The Irish parliament, which has flourished for several years, passed from view, only to emerge as a probability with the passage of the home rule bill in 1914.

How Mrs. Harrod Got Rid of Her Stomach Trouble.

"I suffered with stomach trouble for years and tried everything I heard of, but the only relief I got was temporary until last spring I saw Chamberlain's Tablets advertised and procured a bottle of them at our drug store. I got immediate relief from that dreadful heaviness after eating and from pain in the stomach," writes Mrs. Linda Harrod, Fort Wayne, Ind. Obtainable everywhere.

For Sale.

A 160 acre farm 4 miles east of Hartford, on the border of the oil fields. Good dwelling, barn and other necessary outbuildings. Young orchard, strawberry bed and other pleasing features. If bonds carry inter-county seat pike will be near. See, or write Tinsley & Barnett, Hartford, Ky., for further particulars.

Good for Colds.

Honey, Pine-Tar and Glycerine are recognized cold remedies. In Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey these are combined with other cough medicine in a pleasant syrup. Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey quickly stops your cough, checks your cold, soothes irritation of the throat. Excellent for young, adult and aged. Its one of the best cough syrups made. Formula on every bottle. You know just what you are taking and your doctor knows its good for coughs and colds. Insist on Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. Only 25c. at druggists.

"I DON'T SUFFER ANY MORE"

"Feel Like a New Person,"
says Mrs. Hamilton.

New Castle, Ind.—"From the time I was eleven years old until I was seventeen I suffered each month so I had to be in bed. I had headache, backache and such pains I would cramp double every month. I did not know what it was to be easy a minute. My health was all run down and the doctors did not do me any good. A neighbor told my mother about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I took it, and now I feel like a new person. I don't suffer any more and I am regular every month."—Mrs. HAZEL HAMILTON, 822 South 15th St.

When a remedy has lived for forty years, steadily growing in popularity and influence, and thousands upon thousands of women declare they owe their health to it, is it not reasonable to believe that it is an article of great merit?

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

TURK'S CUSTOMS ALTERED BY WAR

WOMEN FIND THE GIGANTIC
STRUGGLE A REAL EMAN-
CIPATION.

FRANCE HAS INFLUENCE

Boycott Against Enemy's Goods Was
Half Hearted, Even During
Dardanelles Battle.

According to correspondence from Constantinople appearing in the German newspapers, Turkish women are now permitted more freedom than heretofore has been known, and the war has been the cause of this emancipation.

"Since the milles abandoned the Dardanelles attack," writes a correspondent, "Constantinople has become normal and is now as far removed from the theater of war as any big city in neutral countries. The cafes and motion picture houses are well attended and the theaters are crowded. Recently there was a big first night in the Petit Champs, the occasion being the performance of a French comedy. The actors were Turks, but the actresses were all Armenians, as Turkish women are not yet permitted to appear on the stage, but the general opinion is expressed by all thinking Turks that before long their women will make their first appearance as actresses. The emancipation progress since the beginning of the war. In the best society in Constantinople the women no longer wear their veils when receiving their guests. Though veils continue to be worn by the Turkish women in the street, still the fashion has made them so flimsy and transparent that they might just as well be dispensed with.

"Consequently all the fascination and mystery that heretofore has surrounded the harem has suddenly disappeared. There is no longer any such thing, and in its place there is simply the usual family life. The Turkish woman is as much a housewife as her European sister, and in this war her resources have been taxed to the utmost. Despite the fact that the rich agricultural country of Anatolia is not far distant, the prices of all necessities of life have increased enormously. Coffee, which is Turkey's great drink from morning until night is almost prohibitive in price. Sugar has become such a luxury that honey is now used for sweetening purposes and milk can only be purchased by the well-to-do classes.

"French influence has a strong hold in Turkey. Despite the high prices the store windows are filled with goods from Paris, and even while French guns were thundering at the gates of the Dardanelles the boycott against French goods was only a half-hearted affair. All Germans here acknowledged the deep French influence, and all cultured Turks speak French as fluently as their own language. Of course, some of them also speak German, but the Germans will have to work mighty hard if they hope to dispel the French influence. At present there are so many German soldiers and sailors in the streets that the German language is heard on all sides, and, by order of the government the French signs on show windows have been removed and all announcements are displayed in the Turkish language."

The writer adds that Turkey is awakened from its long lethargy and that the war has brought a new life in the empire. Progress is now the keynote, and the indications are that within a few years Constantinople will be one of the most beautiful cities in the world.

Lame Back.

Lame back is usually due to rheumatism of the muscles of the back. Hard working people are most likely to suffer from it. Relief may be had by massaging the back with Chamberlain's Liniment two or three times a day. Try it. Obtainable everywhere.

The Treatment of Anger.

One often sees a child who is entirely overcome by anger. He will throw himself on the floor and be utterly unconscious of what is happening to him, or probably of what he himself is doing. The more that is said to him when he is in such a condition, the more violent he becomes. He is for all practical purposes, insane. That is to say, he has lost the power of control. When anger becomes established in this way in the organism, it dominates everything—heart, lungs, every vital process. The more a child is stimulated under such a condition, whether scolded or threatened, or whipped, or pleaded with, the more completely the anger will get control of him.

You cannot reason with him, because reason is dethroned for the time being. He is even unconscious of pain, so completely does the emotion of anger dominate his feelings.

It is absurd to whip a child who is overcome by anger. It is just as bad to tie a handkerchief around his mouth. The best thing to do is to let him alone, and let his passion wear itself out. If he could be taken before the anger gets the upper hand of him, he might be controlled. A parent who can tell when her child is likely to get into a tantrum can sometimes stop it by dashing cold water in his face, or by suddenly taking him in her arms and holding him securely, without talking to him. This latter plan will work in some cases, and in other cases it will simply be the means of hastening the tempest. Ordinarily the best way to treat an abnormal condition like this is to let it alone.

What the parent should do is to study the things which will arouse the child's anger and then avoid these things. It is the height of folly for a parent to excite anger in a child, and then try to control it by punishment. It is worse than folly; it is brutal, and is likely to ruin the child.

—M. V. O'Shea in Mother's Magazine

Watch Child's Cough.

Colds, running of nose, continued irritation of the mucous membrane if neglected may mean catarrh later. Don't take the chances—do something for your child! Children will not take every medicine, but they will take Dr. King's New Discovery and without bribing and teasing. Its a sweet pleasant Tar Syrup and so effective. Just laxative enough to eliminate the waste poisons. Almost the first dose helps. Always prepared, no mixing or fussing. Just ask your druggist for Dr. King's New Discovery. It will safeguard your child against serious ailments resulting from colds.

FARM LOAN BILL PASSES SENATE

SYSTEM OF RURAL CREDITS IS
ESTABLISHED BY THE
MEASURE.

Washington, May 6.—The Hollis farm loan bill, embodying the administration plan for establishing a system of rural credits, passed the Senate by a vote of 58 to 5.

Senators Brandegee, Lodge, Oliver, Page and Wadsworth, all Republicans, voted against them measure.

The bill, after almost two weeks of debate, passed the Senate practically as reported by the Banking Committee. An amendment by Senator Smoot, reducing the salaries of the farm loan board from \$10,000 to \$7,500, which was adopted by a vote of 26 to 25 in the Committee of the Whole, was reconsidered when the bill reached the Senate and was defeated 29 to 31, although eight Democratic Senators voted with the Republicans for the reduction.

House Bill Similar.

A somewhat similar bill has been reported by the House Banking Committee, and it is said it will be brought up for consideration in the House soon. Like the Senate measure, it would create a chain of farm loan banks, but it differs in means of operation.

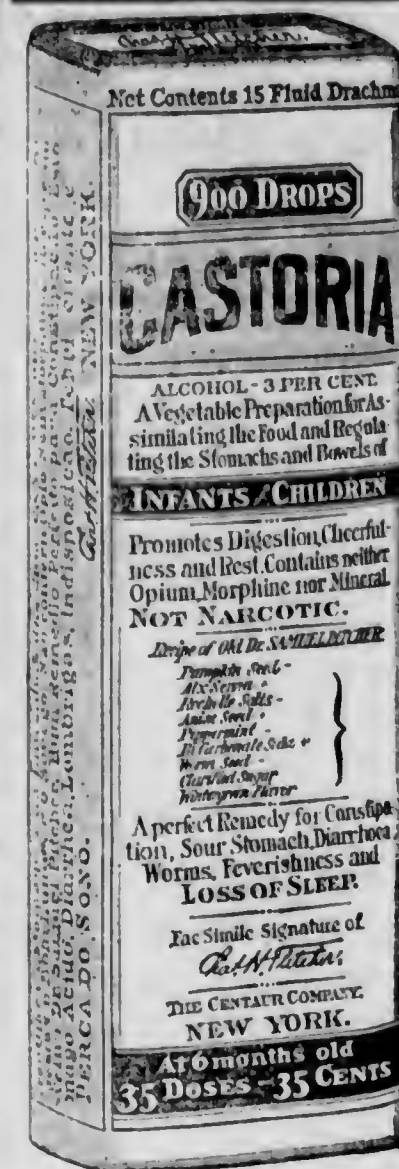
The Senate bill provides for a non-partisan farm loan board to consist of the Secretary of the Treasury and four others, having general control of a farm loan system of twelve or more land banks and of farm loan associations through which loans actually would be made.

Each land bank would have a capital stock of at least \$500,000, to be subscribed by the government if not taken by the public. The farm loan associations would be co-operative, made up of ten or more farmers who would obtain a charter from their district land bank. A farmer desiring to become a borrower would be required to take stock in the loan association equal to 5 per cent. of his loan; the association in turn would take an equal amount of stock in the land bank, which would appraise the security offered and make the loan through the association. On mortgages amounting to \$50,000, a bank might issue a like amount of farm loan bonds, which would be secured by all twelve land banks.

Profits to Borrowers.

All profits would go to the loan associations in dividends and thus to the borrowers, who are shareholders in them. Loans might be on as long terms as thirty-six years, and on the amortization plan, so that with each interest payment the farmer could pay a small amount on his principal. Loans would be limited to first mortgages and could not exceed 50 per cent of the appraised value of the land.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That
Genuine Castoria
Always
Bears the
Signature
of
Dr. J. C. Fletcher.
In
Use
For Over
Thirty Years
CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Starck Pianos



No Money
in Advance
—Satisfac-
tion Guar-
anteed—
Lowest Net
Factory
Prices—
Easiest
Terms—A
Savings of
\$100 to
\$200—
From Fac-
tory Direct



30 DAYS' FREE TRIAL IN YOUR OWN HOME

We will ship you a beautiful Starck Piano for 30 days' free trial, in your home. No cash payment required. All we ask is that you will play upon, use and test this piano for 30 days. If, at the end of that time, you do not find it the highest grade, sweetest toned and finest piano in every way, that you have ever seen for the money, you are at perfect liberty to send it back, and we will, in that event, pay the freight both ways. The Starck Piano must make good with you, or there is no sale.

Save \$150.00 or More

We ship direct to you from our factory, at prices that save you upwards of \$150.00 in the cost of your piano. We guarantee to furnish you a better piano for the money than you can receive elsewhere. You are assured of receiving a satisfactory sweet toned durable high grade piano.

Easy Payments

You pay no cash down, but after 30 days of trial, you can begin payment on the lowest, easiest terms ever suggested by a piano manufacturer. These terms are arranged to suit your convenience, and it is possible for you to buy a piano for your home, without interest the money.

25-Year Guarantee

Every Starck Piano is guaranteed for 25 years. This guarantee has back of it our 25 years of piano experience, and the reputation of an old-established, responsible piano house.

50 Free Music Lessons

To every purchaser of Starck Pianos, we give free music lessons, in one of the best known schools in Chicago. These lessons you can take in your own home, by mail. This represents one year's free instruction.

2nd-Hand Bargains

We have constantly on hand a large number of slightly used and second-hand pianos of all standard makes taken in exchange for new Starck Pianos and Player-Pianos. The following are a few sample bargains:

Weber\$110.00
Stelaway80.00
Chickering80.00
Kimball85.00
Starck195.00

Send for our latest complete second-hand bargain list.

Starck Player-Pianos

Starck Player-Pianos are the best and most beautiful Player-Pianos on the market. You will be delighted with the many exclusive features of these wonderful instruments, and will be pleased with the very low prices at which they can be secured.

Piano Book Free

Send today for our new beautifully illustrated piano book which gives you a large amount of information regarding pianos. This book will interest and please you. Write today.

P. A. STARCK PIANO CO., 1343 Starck Bldg., CHICAGO

THOS. E. MOSE

Plasterer, Decorator and
Contractor.

Lifetime experience with best of workmen, and can give any reference desired. Call me on Hartford Mill Co., 'phone, or address me at Hartford, Ky.

We Knock the Spots Out of Things Ladies' and Men's Garments

French Dry Cleaned and Pressed in a Superior Manner.
Send us your Garments and Have Them

CLEANED CLEAN
Packages called for and delivered.
THE ELITE PRESSING CLUB
A. Iva Nall, Prop.
HARTFORD, KENTUCKY.

Subscribe for The Hartford Republican—\$1.00 per year.

A MODERN SCHOOL

Fifty-five typewriters. Lessons explained by Moving Picture machine. Seven big Departments—Shorthand, Book-keeping, Telegraphy, Stenotypy, Music, Primary Normal. Expert teachers. Modern equipment. Position assured. Write for catalogue.

Davies Co. Bus. College
Incorporated
OWENSBORO, KY.

Beats Feeding Corn Nearly Ten to One

Read Mr. Yewell's
letter there —→
and see what it would
mean to you to raise
hogs and feed them on
our concentrated

Liquid Stock Feed

It pays, doesn't it, Mr.
Farmer?

Write us for further particulars as to what it will
mean to you to feed hogs on our concentrated
Liquid Stock Feed—It will be a revelation to you

Glenmore Distilleries Co.
Incorporated
Owensboro, Ky.

Owensboro, Ky., April 15, 1916.

Glenmore Distilleries Co.,
Owensboro, Ky.

Gentlemen:

I have been feeding your Liquid Stock Feed to
hogs for twelve months or more, and I have never
fed anything at the same price that was equal to one-
tenth of its feeding value.

I have no trouble with constipation as I do in feed-
ing corn.

Will give you some figures on cost of feeding a
small bunch of hogs from March 15th to April 15th—
seventeen at an average of 150 pounds—two sows and
fifteen pigs. This entire lot is being fed all they can
consume every day at 25 5-7c per day for the entire
lot, and are making as much gain as they would on
three bushels of corn per day at a cost of 75c per
bushel or \$2.25. You will see, at this rate for thirty
days, the corn would cost\$67.50
Liquid Hog Feed at 25 5-7c for 30 days..... 7.21 3-7

Leaving a gain in favor of Liquid Hog Feed, \$60.28 4-7
for a period of thirty days.

I have found this hog feed to be one of the best
poultry feeds I ever saw. We keep plenty of it where
our hens get to it all hours of the day. Conse-
quently, we never have to go out at night and feed
of two dozen hens to find one fat enough to eat on
Sunday, but just shoot the first one we see, and al-
ways find it fat and tender.

Hoping you may always produce Liquid Hog Feed,
the greatest boon to Drovers County farmers we have
had for twenty years, I am,

Yours respectfully,

L. E. YEWELL,

R. R. No. 2.

tion in grading, and so variable are
succeeding shipments of the many
special grades that are offered to the
market that it is impossible for a
consumer to depend upon the quality
of lumber that he will receive. No
factor more than this has driven the
trade away from American hard-
woods and opened the way for Jap-
anese oak, Austrian oak and Scan-
dinavian and German hardwood. It
is impossible to convey to you gentle-
men the sentiment of disdain and re-
proach that the South American deal-
ers hold for American hardwood and
yellow pine manufacturers.

"This throws the stigma on your
industry that is not justly deserved.
It casts a reflection on our country,
and I believe gentlemen that you will
be willing, as the result of this in-
vestigation, to ask the government
to join in with you toward making
our hardwood grading classification
of standards as to quality for our
South American export shipments.

"The importers have been told
about these grading rules in South
America, they have been informed
of your grading certificates and re-
presentation was made to them by me,
a representative of our government,
that the manufacturers would be
most ready to join a movement to-
ward standardizing the lumber being
marketed in those parts."

Organization Also Needed.

An outline was then given as to
the progress that substitutes for wood
had made in South America—the re-
sults of the propaganda carried on
by steel and cement manufacturers,
and how steel and concrete were dis-
placing wood for many uses where
wood is best. It was shown that there
was no organization to further the
interest of lumber in any country of
South America. The largest dealers
were the importers, who were as
willing to sell steel and cement as
wood. The opposition being waged
by the substitute men against wood
is left unchallenged, and as a result
substitutes at higher prices are find-
ing increasing markets.

It was suggested that the situation
be met by allied association of lum-
ber manufacturers, box manufacturers
sash and door manufacturers having
a department of the National Lum-
ber Manufacturers' Association estab-
lish on the east coast and west coast
of South America propaganda or-
ganization functions. The purpose
of this movement are purely for
education, no sales are to be made,
the work to be done in co-operation
with the exporters and importers.
The trade channels as they exist,
therefore, are to be left unopposed.

South Americans are not wood
users, know little about properties,
and usually turn to employment of
adobe or stone where an American
seeks a piece of lumber. To educate
the public to the employment of wood
where wood is best is one of the para-
mount needs of the South American
trade, Mr. Simmons said.
In conclusion Mr. Simmons im-
pressed upon the lumbermen that
standardization, co-operation with ex-
porters and propaganda where the
three factors which should be first
considered in expanding our lumber
trade in South America.

Catarrrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they
cannot reach the seat of the disease. Cat-
arrh is blood or constitutional disease,
and in order to cure it you must take in-
ternal remedies. Hall's Catarrrh Cure is
laker internally, and acts directly upon
the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's
Catarrrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It
was prescribed by one of the best phy-
sicians in this country for years and is
a regular prescription. It is composed
of the best tonics known, combined with
the best blood purifiers, acting directly on
the mucous surfaces. The perfect combi-
nation of the two ingredients is what pro-
duces such wonderful results in curing
catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, price 50c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

SAVED BY SUBMARINE

Chicagoan Rescued by Germans, Then
Set Adrift on Raft.

New York, May 6.—John D. Har-
rison, 24 years old, of Chicago, who
has just arrived in this city from
Liverpool, tells a story of having been
pulled aboard a German submarine
in the Bay of Biscay, after a ship of
which he was steward had been sunk;
then cast adrift on a life raft, to be
picked up two hours later by a Scotch
patrol boat, and finally landed at
Falmouth wearing a rough suit of
clothes given to him by the German
submarine commander, through the
United States consul at Cardiff, Wales.
Harrison said, he filed a claim with
the British admiralty for \$250 for
the loss of his effects.

The ship sunk, according to Har-
rison, was the Margam Abbey, of
English registry, laden with flour and
other provisions to supply the British
cruisers in the Atlantic.
"April 10," he said, "while we
were at the head of the Bay of Bis-
cay, the first mate at 3 o'clock in the
morning sighted a submarine off the
starboard bow. The German boat
chased us and began firing explosive
shells and one rendered us helpless.
I jumped into the water, but not be-
fore the German commander had
called out that he would pick me up.
I had on a life belt and was support-
ed by some planks. I was in the

normal, and the future, I believe, will
see this situation change but little."
High Tariff on Lumber.
Under the subject of duty in South
American countries, Mr. Simmons
mentioned the policy of the govern-
ment to put high tariff on manu-
factured wood products. This is to pro-
tect the woodworking industry.
"Any efforts made to market man-
ufactured products will meet opposi-
tion, and the business after being de-
veloped discouraged by further rais-
ing the duty." "The lumbermen
would best be serving the interests
and expansion of foreign trade by re-
garding the governmental policy of
these countries and encourage the
development of wood-using indus-
tries consuming our rough lumber.
"No factor aids the marketing of
yellow pine, sap material or these
short leaf species, more than that it
is shipped and kiln dried in strips
three and four inches wide. This
material is used entirely for making
flooring. Ready demand could be
created for hardwoods in this line if
strips could be sent to South America,
and the manufacturers instructed as
to the drying and working of these
hardwood strips. The same pertains
to furniture manufacturers, to car
building, vehicle building, etc.
"No part of South America affords
the opportunities for the marketing
of American hardwoods more than
the section known as "the River
Plate." Here there are in a radius
of 250 miles a population of nearly
10,000,000 people, 22,000 miles of
steam and electric railroads, rich ag-
ricultural country and seven cities
above 100,000 population. This por-
tion are using American oak, poplar,
birch and a little beech.
"Red gum has reached there, but
the initial shipments were made so
poorly that they arrived, badly
twisted and produced a very unfavor-
able impression. Importers were in-
formed as to the improved methods
of drying gum, the wood's growing
commercial importance in the United
States and its popularity in the ex-
port trade to Europe, and arrange-
ments were made for sending sample
shipments of this wood to the Plate
Chile and Peru. The government
will co-operate with the gum lumber
manufacturers to have these samples
delivered and reported on.
"No portion of the export trade to
South America, especially the Plate,
is in as chaotic condition as that of
hardwoods. The dissatisfaction has
been caused by lack of standardiza-

NOTICE--SPECIAL ROAD BOND ELECTION

ORDERS OHIO COUNTY COURT,

Regular Term, 6th day of March, 1916.

Hon. Jno. B. Wilson, J. O. C. C., Presiding.

J. D. Williams, Guy Statler, J. A. Johnson, J. H. Thomas and 363 other
freeholders and legal voters of Ohio County, Kentucky, having on this the
6th day of March, 1916, filed their petition in this Court asking that an
election be held in Ohio County, Kentucky, for the purpose of voting on the
question of issuing THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND (\$300,000) DOLLARS
of bonds of Ohio County for the purpose of building roads and bridges in
said County and asking that the Court enter an order directing the Sheriff
to hold an election for said purpose on the 20th day of May, 1916, and the
Court having examined said Petition and the signatures thereto, and the
purpose thereof, and being advised sustains said petition, and

NOW ORDERS that an election be held in Ohio County, Kentucky, and
in each of the regular established and existing voting precincts thereof on
the 20th day of May 1916, same being more than sixty days after the filing
of the petition and the entering of this order, for the purpose of taking the
sense of the legal voters of Ohio County, Kentucky, as to whether or not
they are in favor of issuing THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND (\$300,000)
DOLLARS of bonds of Ohio County for the purpose of procuring funds for
the building of roads and bridges in said County.

The Sheriff of Ohio County is ordered and directed to conduct said elec-
tion, and he is further directed to advertise same and the objects thereof
for at least thirty days before the date thereof in each of following news-
papers published in Ohio County, Kentucky, viz; Hartford Republican,
and Hartford Herald, they being all the newspapers published in Ohio
County, and he shall also advertise same by printed band bills posted up at
not less than four public places in each voting precinct in the County and
at the front door of the Court House in Hartford, Kentucky, same to be
posted not less than thirty days before the date of said election.

Said Sheriff will submit to the voters of the County at said election the
following question;

"ARE YOU IN FAVOR OF ISSUING THREE HUNDRED THOU-
SAND (\$300,000) DOLLARS IN BONDS FOR THE PURPOSE OF
BUILDING ROADS AND BRIDGES?"

Said ballots will be prepared as is provided for in General Election law,
Section 1459 of Kentucky Statutes.

The election herein provided for shall be conducted by those election
officers who conducted the regular November 1915 election.

JOHN B. WILSON, J. O. C. C.

A True Copy Attest:

W. C. BLANKENSHIP, Clerk of Ohio County Court,

TO THE VOTERS OF OHIO COUNTY KENTUCKY:

Pursuant to the above order there will be an election held at the various
places of voting in Ohio County, on the 20th day of May, 1916, for the pur-
pose of taking the sense of the legal voters of Ohio County, Kentucky, on
the question as to whether or not they are in favor of issuing THREE HUN-
DRED THOUSAND (\$300,000) DOLLARS in bonds of the County for the
purpose of building road and bridges. The polls will be opened and closed
at the same times and said election conducted in the same manner as other
general elections and by those election officers who conducted the regular
November election in 1915.

Given under my hand this 8th day of April 1916.

S. O. KEOWN, Sheriff of Ohio County.

Vanderbilt Training School for Boys ELKTON, KY.

Will help parents develop their sons into
the best type of citizens and Christian
gentlemen. Its patronage is widely scat-
tered and comes from the best homes in
the South. Its capacity is limited, there-
fore, reservations should be made early.
Place your son in this select group of
boys. Write

MATHENEY & BATTS

For catalogue and information. Box A.

water 20 minutes, when the sub-
marine came along side and pulled
me in.

"The submarine commander said
he was going to set me adrift on a
life raft. He said I would soon be
picked up by one of the English patrol
boats, for he said they had been
hunting for him for a week, 'but tell
them for me' he added, 'that we are
still here.'"

"Well, they put me on the raft in
my dry German suit. Half of the
crew were on top of the submarine
watching me, and they waved their
caps and all shouted in English
'Goodbye!' The submarine moved
off and soon submerged and that was
the last I saw of her."

The others, with the exception of
the captain who were aboard the
Margam Abbey, Harrison said, escap-
ed in life boats.

Best Thing for a Illious Attack

"On account of my confinement in
the printing office I have for years
been a chronic sufferer from indiges-
tion and liver trouble. A few weeks
ago I had an attack that was so se-
vere that I was not able to go to the
case for two days. Failing to get
any relief from any other treatment,
I took three of Chamberlain's Tab-
lets and the next day I felt like a new
man," writes H. C. Bailey, Editor
Carolina News, Chapin, S. C. Ob-
tainable everywhere.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

WILL FILL A WANT!

Since the suspension of the
Louisville Weekly Courier-
Journal, there has been quite
a demand for a weekly Ken-
tucky newspaper that gives
all the more important state
news, as well as the general
news, crisp editorials, good
stories, timely cartoons and
illustrations.

There is no such excellent
paper as the—

Twice-a-Week

Owensboro Messenger

(Edited by Urey Woodson.)

It comes every Wednesday
and Saturday, (16 pages a
week or more), and is up-to-
date in every regard.

Try the Twice-a-Week Mes-
senger for a year in connec-
tion with the Hartford Repub-
lican.

Both papers, one year for
\$1.50. All clubbing subscrip-
tions should be addressed to
Republican, Hartford, Ky.

SOUTH AMERICA A RICH FIELD

NATIVE TIMBER CANNOT BE CUT
AT PROFIT, U. S. AGENT
SAYS.

WOULD GUARANTEE IT

Roger E. Simmons, Says Yankee Ex-
porters Are Regarded There as
Tricksters.

From a recent issue of the Mem-
phis Commercial Appeal.

Standardization of export lumber
grades, co-operation among exporters
to give fair values, and propaganda
to remove the prejudice against
American hardwoods are necessary
if southern hardwood manufacturers
hope to get their fair share of the
rich South American business.

This message was brought to Mem-
phis by Roger B. Williams, special
agent of the Bureau of foreign and
domestic commerce, United States
Department of Commerce, who was
guest and principal speaker at a
luncheon of the Memphis Lumber-
men's Club in Hotel Gayoso recently.

Mr. Simmons recently returned
from South America, where he in-
vestigated lumber conditions, and he
gave Memphis lumbermen more valu-
able information relative to South
American conditions than any special
agent who has spoken in this city in
years.

South Americans have received the
poorest grades of southern hard-
woods, Mr. Simmons said, and have
been told by native importers that
they were receiving the best grades.
In consequence, they are turning to
Japanese and Austrian woods be-
cause they believe North American
manufacturers are tricky.

Coasts Like United States

"South America is as interesting in
its vast area as in its peculiarly va-
riable conditions," said Mr. Simmons.
"The coast sections are modernly de-
veloped equal to any civic develop-
ment of the United States—conven-
iences such as the telephone, the tel-
egraph, railroads, subways are the
same there as here. Two and three
hundred miles inland the conditions

change to one decided primitiveness,
reminding one that they are probably
the same as those of our country 100
and 150 years ago. Four and five
hundred miles inland the inhabitants
are in stages of slavery—painted
faces and bodies—no clothes; weap-
ons of war, the bow and arrow, the
arrows having stone heads. Although
the undeveloped portions include the
largest areas, the mistake must not
be made that South America is an
undeveloped country, because where
the consumption is greatest is where
the conditions are most modern.

"An erroneous impression prevails
throughout the United States, espe-
cially among lumbermen, that
dealers and business men of South
America are men of little intelligence
and with low business ideas. No
greater mistake has ever been made.
These men are, in fact, well educated.
They employ the same ethical moral
standards that you do, and their
methods of doing business are hack-
ed by principle, the same as those
actuating you.

Great Field to South.

"You have heard of the vast forests
of South America and of the thick
stands of large diameter size trees,
and the great heights of standing
timber. Not one-half has been told
you. If you could see these forests
you would behold them with wonder-
ment, and would think their exploita-
tion presented an unusual business
opportunity. Your ideas will change,
however, when I tell you that only 5
to 10 per cent of these stands in tropi-
cal countries, and from 33 1-3 to 50
per cent in Chile, are marketable.
The composition of the tropical for-
ests are so varied as to species, and
the most of these different kinds are
hard, dense, heavy hardwoods, that
to secure the few kinds that are
merchandiseable one is compelled to cut
his way through to them with the
greatest difficulty and at high cost.

"Many foreigners, Europeans as
well as Americans, have undertaken
timbering in these sections and the
result has been failure in nearly
every country. The native woods
that are marketed are gotten out by
natives, who have small ideas of the
value of their own labors, and are
able to do the work for small cost.
Even under such conditions American
woods meeting a \$31 duty in Brazil
can undersell the national wood. I
took for little change in the condition
for many years to come. North
America is marketing nearly 1,000,
000,000 feet yearly, when business is

normal, and the future, I believe, will
see this situation change but little."

High Tariff on Lumber.

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American countries, Mr. Simmons
mentioned the policy of the govern-
ment to put high tariff on manu-
factured wood products. This is to pro-
tect the woodworking industry.

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strips could be sent to South America,
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to the drying and working of these
hardwood strips. The same pertains
to furniture manufacturers, to car
building, vehicle building, etc.

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the opportunities for the marketing
of American hardwoods more than
the section known as "the River
Plate." Here there are in a radius
of 250 miles a population of nearly
10,000,000 people, 22,000 miles of
steam and electric railroads, rich ag-
ricultural country and seven cities
above 100,000 population. This por-
tion are using American oak, poplar,
birch and a little beech.

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the initial shipments were made so
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formed as to the improved methods
of drying gum, the wood's growing
commercial importance in the United
States and its popularity in the ex-
port trade to Europe, and arrange-
ments were made for sending sample
shipments of this wood to the Plate
Chile and Peru. The government
will co-operate with the gum lumber
manufacturers to have these samples
delivered and reported on.

"No portion of the export trade to
South America, especially the Plate,
is in as chaotic condition as that of
hardwoods. The dissatisfaction has
been caused by lack of standardiza-

**\$8.00 Set of
Granite and Copper
Ware Free
With Every Majestic
Range Sold.**

SPECIAL DEMONSTRATION AND SALE

**\$8.00 Set of
Granite and Copper
Ware Free
With Every Majestic
Range Sold.**

GREAT MAJESTIC RANGES

**ONE WEEK
ONLY**

All This Week

**ONE WEEK
ONLY**

Save \$8.00

As a special inducement during our demonstration week only, with every MAJESTIC RANGE sold (prices always the same), we will give free, one handsome set of ware as illustrated here.

Every piece of this ware is the best of its kind. Not a piece that is not needed in every kitchen. It cannot possibly be bought for less than \$8.00. This ware is on exhibition at our store. DON'T FAIL TO SEE IT.

Which Shall It Be?

Do you intend to continue laboring, burning valuable fuel and destroying high-priced food with that old worn-out cook stove?

You KNOW that old stove eats up a lot of fuel each year.

You KNOW you have trouble in getting it to bake just right, in fact, spoil a batch of bread every once in a while—you know it costs considerable for yearly repairs.

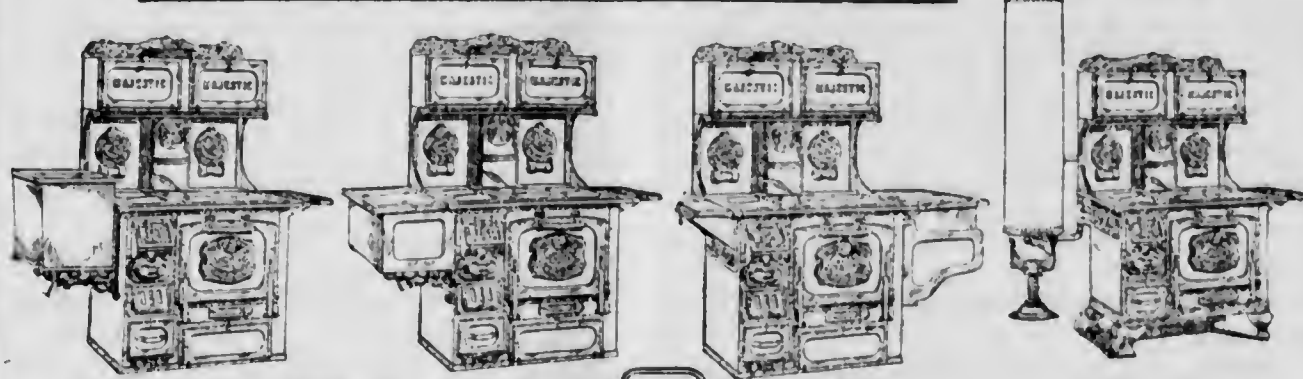
Stop and think and figure. Wouldn't it pay you to buy a good range—a range with a reputation—

The Great Majestic Malleable and Char- coal Iron Range.

You make no mistake in buying the GREAT MAJESTIC—it's the range with THE REPUTATION—ask your neighbors. Then, too, it's made just right and of the right kind of material—MALEABLE AND CHARCOAL IRON—riveted together practically air tight—lined with pure asbestos—parts being malleable can't break—has a movable reservoir and an oven that doesn't warp—that's why the MAJESTIC uses so little fuel, bakes just right every day in the year (brown bread just right all over without turning), heats 15 gallons of water while breakfast is cooking—properly handled lasts a lifetime, and costs practically nothing for repairs.

Don't buy the range you expect to last a lifetime "unsight unseen"; you'll be sure to be disappointed. Come to our store during demonstration week, see the GREAT MAJESTIC—have its many exclusive features explained—find out why the MAJESTIC is 300 per cent. stronger than other ranges where most ranges are weakest.

MAJESTIC RANGES OR MADE IN ALL SIZES AND STYLES



ON-LEGS IF DESIRED

MAJESTIC NEVER-BURN COOKER-
STEAMER-CULLENDER-AND-DRAINER-
HEAVY STAMPED IRON-MARBLEIZED-
KETTLE-13 OZ. ALL-COPPER-TEA KETTLE-
14 OZ. ALL-COPPER
COFFEE-POT.

HEAVY-MARBLEIZED PUDDING-PAN-
1-LARGE-NEVER-BURN WIRED-
DRIPPING-PAN-2-2 SMALL-NEVER-
BURN WIRED-DRIPPING-PANS-
2-2 SMALL-DRIP-PANS-
CAN ALSO BE
USED AS
ROASTER.



This Set of Ware Free

CHILDREN'S

100 Souvenir Day Story Books Free

"THE QUILLIVERS' RIDE,"

By Claude Wetmore.

A CHARMING STORY for boys and girls of the adventures of the wee QUILLIVERS in BIG FOLKS' LAND—a story that will hold any child's interest to the very end, and teach a lesson of life-long value.

The first 100 boys and girls who present to THE MAJESTIC RANGE SALESMAN at our store between 3 and 5 p. m., TUESDAY, written answers to the following questions, will receive this fascinating story book FREE.

- 1—What range is your mother now using?
- 2—Give names of anyone you know needing a new range.
- 3—The Majestic Range has many points of superiority—which does your mother consider best?
- 4—What is your age?
- 5—When is your birthday?

\$1.00 ARTICLE FREE

The boy or girl giving the nearest and best answer to the third question may select any \$1.00 article from our stock IN ADDITION TO THE SOUVENIR.

A Prize for Everybody

Don't be discouraged if you are not one of the 100 to get the story book. You will receive a MAJESTIC PUZZLE CARD that will afford you many hours of amusement.

Be sure to have your answers ready to hand in at our store TUESDAY afternoon between three and five. They must be WRITTEN if you wish to receive a souvenir or prize.

SPECIAL—All during this week a special demonstrator direct from the MAJESTIC FACTORY will be glad to show you "ALL ABOUT RANGES"—show you why the MAJESTIC is the best range on earth at any price.

Come, If You Intend to Buy or Not

EDUCATION lies in KNOWING THINGS—KNOW why the oven of a range is heated—KNOW how the water is heated—HOW the top is heated—WHY the MAJESTIC uses so little fuel—KNOW how a range is made inside and outside. This education may serve you in the future. DON'T OVERLOOK a chance to KNOW THINGS shown by one who knows. COME.

Don't Overlook the Date. This is a Special Invitation to You and Your Friends and Neighbors.

E. P. BARNES & BRO., - Beaver Dam, Ky.

Which Do You Prefer?

It is important for reasons of health and practical economy for every housekeeper to ask herself this question:

"Do I prefer a pure baking powder like Royal, made of cream of tartar derived from grapes, or am I willing to use a baking powder made of alum or phosphate, both derived from mineral sources?"

The names of the ingredients printed on the label show whether the kind you are now using or any brand, new or old, that may be offered is a genuine cream of tartar powder, or merely a phosphate or alum compound.

Royal Baking Powder contains no alum nor phosphate.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.
New York

DIAMOND SHORTS.

Ohio County Boys "Trying Out" For Owensboro Kitty League Team.

Jack Thorp, Reid, of McHenry, and Garret, of Hoekport, are over in Owensboro working out daily at Southside Park in an endeavor to place their names on Manager Ling's Kitty League team pay roll. They are a bunch of husky ball players and should give some of the other

candidates a run for their money.

The fence, grand stand and everything else that would mark the spot where the National game was once played have been removed and the Hartford ball park (East End) will be asked to yield corn instead of base hits and excitement.

Although the last chance is about gone it is hard to draw an admission from base ball leaders around these

parts that Hartford will not have any kind of a team.

During these dark hours of base ball in most parts of the county Beaver Dam has come to the front and it is understood that she expects to put out a good team this year.

Cromwell is said to have the best ball team this year that she has had in years. It is reported that she licked Morgantown the other day and is now looking for more prey.

Local admirers read of Ray Chapman's accident with much regret as they are always pulling strong for the former Ohio county star. Chapman's injury came when he slid into a base twisting a leg. He will be out of the game several days longer. Chapman is rated by leading sporting writers as one of the very best short stops of the country and it is hard for the Cleveland team to estimate the loss of the services of the hard-luck infielder.

Every base ball fan has a favorite in the majors and minor leagues that he silently roots for during the pennant races. In the majors local fans seem more or less divided but in the Association they are for Louisville first, last and all the time. They have it in for the Brewers and their delight knew no bounds when Glymer's bunch recently added to its long string of straight victories by making a sweep of the Milwaukee series.

Breaking Plows, Vulcan Chilled, Blue Bird and New Ground Plows at reduced prices.

W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Notice In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of Vincent Smiley Tucker bankrupt, to the creditors of Vincent Smiley Tucker of Green River, in the county of Ohio and districts aforesaid, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 3rd day of May A. D. 1916, the said Tucker was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the law office of Barnes & Smith in Hartford Kentucky, on the 19th day of May A. D. 1916, at 1 p. m., at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Petition filed April 29th, 1916.
Owensboro, Ky., May 5th 1916
J. A. DEAN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Notice to Creditors.

Ohio Circuit Court.
H. A. Midkiff, Admr., &c., Plaintiffs,
vs.—Notice.
Flora Ralph, &c., Defendants.

All creditors of the estate of W. H. Ward, deceased, are hereby notified to present their claims against said estate, properly proven, before me on or before the 20th day of June, 1916, at my office in Hartford, Ky., where I will sit to receive and register such claims and proof.

OTTO C. MARTIN,
Master Commissioner Ohio Circuit Court.
4513

Notice to Creditors.

Ohio Circuit Court.
E. L. Farmer, Admr., &c., Plaintiffs,
vs.—Notice.
Nancy Farmer, &c., Defendants.
All creditors of the estate of Elias

Farmer, deceased, are hereby notified to present their claims against said estate, properly proven, before me at my office in Hartford, Ky., on or before the 20th day of June, 1916, where I will sit daily to receive and register such claims and proof.

OTTO C. MARTIN,
Master Commissioner Ohio Circuit Court.
4513

Don't take anybody's word for it—Insist on knowing how a range is made, inside and out, and you will buy one in a lifetime. A range expert will be in charge of our SPECIAL MAJESTIC DEMONSTRATIONS for one week, commencing May 8. Ask him.

E. P. BARNES & BRO.,
Beaver Dam, Ky.

MR. FARMER

How about that new cultivator you promised yourself last fall, when you harvested only half a crop on account of not having tools to cultivate it with as it should have been done?

BEFORE YOU BUY

You should investigate the Brinly Leverless. No levers, no springs, always in balance. They will do more and better work, longer and easier and without those frequent break-downs you have had with other cultivators.

ALSO,

The Janesville Disc Cultivator the original which for over thirty years has remained the standard of construction and perfection of all disc cultivators.

A. B. Row & Son
Centertown, Ky.